

The Dutch-Tutor.

Certain necessary and brief rules  
for the more speedy attaining  
the Dutch-tongue.

CHAP. I

Of the pronunciation of the Dutch-Letters.

a b c d e f g h i k l m n o p q r s t u w  
s y z.

They are to be pronounced as if they were written  
thus :

ah, bea, ee, de, ea, ef, ge, ha, i, ai, er, ka, ch, en, em,  
o, like cur, or, er, er,

o differeth not much from  
the sound of our o Here 1648

The five Vowels, a e i o u. = Hex

The Consonant j is pronounced soft, like almost to  
cur y; as in Jan John, jonst favour.

The Consonant v is pronounced almost like to our f,  
as vede peace, vleesch flesh, vgaat dt enemy.

CHAP. 2.

Of Diphthongs.

A Diphthong hath a double sound of two Vowels in  
one Syllable, and are called in Dutch Twee-gelaan-  
then; which are these following, Je, Ei, or Ey, Au, Ce,  
Ch, or Ey, Eu, De, Og, Ou, Ve, Eg, or Vo;  
you have them in these words :

Je in paett, or paet, a horse.

Ei or Ey in Hay, or Hay. ook by Hex geen vertaely

Au in Haag a taunt, Hauchaw;

A z

Ee in

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**E**e in **J**ee sea.  
**Ey** in **G**eyst Goat, Reyn clean.  
**Eu** in **h**eur their, deer door.  
**I**s in **z**ie see, bie bee.  
**O**e in **o**ot sweet, blot blood.  
**Ou** in **g**roet grow, brough early.  
**Oy** in **h**ogen to make hay.  
**Ue** in **b**uer neighbour, huer hire.  
**Uy** in **h**uys house, mygs mouse.

## CHAP. 3.

### Of Triphthongs called in Dutch Diphthongen. **D**y=Blanchen.

These Triphthongs are when three Vowels come together, and make three several sounds; and are these:  
**Yen**, **ay**, **ey**, **eu**, **ui**, **oy**, as you have them in these words:

Hex. **Den** in flaeu=heitigheyd: faint-heartedness, blata and graet colour, a blew and gray colour.  
Hex. **Day** in zaeg lowe, mary mow.  
Hex. **Ey** in leugheydt laziness, steyten to stop.  
Hex. **Ieu** in hica hew, nieu new.  
Hex. **Uae** in quaeckza quaking, bequaem sic, quack ad.  
Hex. **Yen** in penworts somewhere.  
Hex. **Dey** in bestnoegt lopt or pruned, gebocyt fettered or rankled.

Thus much shall suffice for the Diphthongs and Triphthongs, in the knowing of these consists the chiefest part of Orthographic.

## CHAP. 4.

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#### Of the Partition of Syllables.

When a single Consonant cometh in a word, the Consonant is to be joined to the last syllable, as we read in these words; **wij=ze** wife, **bzo=me** honest, **goe=de** good, **Bo=mey=nen** Romans.

When a double Consonant comes in a word, the first parts with the first syllable, the second with the last; as in **wil=sen** lages, **snel=le** swift, **zin=nen** senses. When two consonants come in a word which may be pronounced together, they commonly belong to one syllable; as in **be=schamt** ash med, **ge=schenk** defiled, or deflowered. When two different Consonants come in a word, commonly the one consonant joins with the precedent, the other with the syllable following; as in **han=den** hands, **hoor=den** heard, **zen=zen** respect.

## CHAP. 5.

### Of the Rule of pronouncing syllables long or short.

First in all Monosyllables, that is words consisting but of one syllable, there is no certain measure in their pronunciation; for some fall short, and others long in Rhime. But **hen**, **den**, **der**, **de** and **et** are commonly short: also these words, **doct=se** do they, **gaen=se** go they, **stei=we** see we, **ig=er** is there, **haeft=er** hath there, **lopt=men** runs one, **hieldt=men** holds one, all which last syllables are pronounced short.

Secondly, in the Dutch-tongue there comes not two long syllables in a word together, but in words of two syllables you have one long, and the other short.

A 3 Thirdly

Hex. **Rens**

Hex. **laatste p 1**

Hex. **4**

Here 1648 These diphthongs are when three v.

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Thirdly, when a long syllable comes in a word, the syllable that goes before is short; as in *taſtelen* castles, *juwelen* jewels, the middle syllable long, and the first short.

All words which end in *heyt*, *tgh*, *leb*, *e*, and *er*, *tgheyt*, *inge*, *tehght*, *te*, have all their last syllables short; saving *majesteyt* majestic, *graviteyt* gravity, *gelijck* right, *ongelijck* wrong.

Words which end in *ment*, the last syllable is long,

as *Testament*, *Clement*.

All syllables which have a single (*t*) in the midst of a word are long; as *enige* any, *heyligs* holy.

The participles of the present tense ending in *ende*, have the two last syllables short; as *minnende* loving, *lerende* teaching, *loopende* running.

All double syllables which begin with *ge*, *be* and *ter*, have the last syllable long; as *gevol* opinion, *gelijc* faith, *belangh* belonging, *verdzag* agreement, *verlof* leave.

Note, that the length or shortness of the last syllables are clearly observed in words which increase a syllable in the plural number. For in *taſtelen* tables, *woxela* roots, *mantelen* cloaks, *wagencen* wagons, one may easily perceive the last syllables of *taſtel*, *woxel*, *mantel* and *wagen* to be short.

Also we may find a difference in the pronunciation of these words, *metalen* metal, *taſtelen* tablets, *jewelen* jewels, *gehelen* whole, *gesellen* fellows, the middle syllables are long.

Note also, that some words end with three short syllables; as *vriendelichheydt* friendliness, *goddelichheydt* divinity, *gracelichheydt* Earledome: and thus much for the pronunciation of syllables, or Prosodie.

## CHAP.

Hear 5

zelfde volg  
ordre 6

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### CHAP. 6. Of the notes of abbreviation used in the Dutch-Tongue.

The note of Abbreviation, is by putting in this mark (') in the place of the letters left out; as you may see that instead of these Particles, *de*, *des*, *het*, *ich*, *is*, *te*, *sy*, one writes, *d'*, *'e*, *'t*, *'b*, *'t*, *'s*; as in *d'ander* the other, *'mans*, *'lat* it shall, *'k hebbe* I have, *'dat* *s* that is, *'artsten* to behold, *'ts* this is.

Also when you see this mark *u l.* or *sy l.* or the like, it stands for *u ledien*, *sy ledien*.

Thus have we given you rules and directions for the right pronouncing of the Letters, Diphthongs, and Sylables in the Dutch-Tongue, now shall wee proceed to shew of variations which are in words, which in the Dutch-Tongue are divided into these six kinds:

- |               |                  |
|---------------|------------------|
| 1 Particles,  | 1 Ledekens.      |
| 2 Noun,       | 2 Naem woorden.  |
| 3 Pronoun,    | 3 Woornamen.     |
| 4 Verb,       | 4 Werch woorden. |
| 5 Participle, | 5 Deel-woorden.  |
| 6 Adverbs,    | 6 Help-woorden.  |

Note that these six kinds of words are declinable in their terminations, except Adverbs, which for the most part are indeclinable.

### 1. Of the Particles.

The words or Particles *de*, *het* and *en*, the ende *s*, are called *Ledekens*; because they inseparably depend on those things whereof we speak: As being asked,

A 4

Hear 6

bbb 1

Vu 2

A 4

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Wat is dat & the answer will be, Een mensch a man, Een boom a tree, and the like ; and these likewise may be declined with gender and case, as you shall perceive when we come to the declining of the Nouns.

### 2. Of Nouns.

Nouns are divided into Substantive and Adjective, Proper and Common : And are declined with Number, Case, and Gender.

Noun Substantives are those which perfectly express that which one nameth, without any other word joined with it ; as, *Mens* man, *vrouwe* woman, *Stadt* City, *hof* Court.

Noun Adjectives are such, as shew the quality or form of a thing, but not the thing itself ; as, *gecht* good, *schoon* fair, *sterck* strong ; and are to be added to Substantives, as *gecht landt* good land, *en schoon* *stadt* a fair town, *en sterck hys* a strong house.

A Noun Proper is that which belongeth only to one thing, as *Peter*, *London*, *Thames*.

A Noun Common is that which is common to many things ; as *mensch* man, *stadt* town, *rivier* river.

### Of numbers of Nouns.

Numbers of Nouns are two ; Singular which speaketh of one, as *Mijn vader* my father, *het huys* the house. Plural number is when we speak of two, or many ; as *Myne voorbaders* my forefathers, *de huysen* the houses.

### Of Cases of Nouns.

A Case is the special termination of a Noun.

There be six Cases in Nouns.

The Nominative case which giveth the name to the Noun.

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Noun without variation ; as *De man* the man, *de vrouwe* the woman, *het veldt* the field, for the Singular ; and *de mans* the men, *de vrouwen* the women, *de velden* the fields, in the Plural number.

The Genitive case is commonly known by this token *te* ; as *des*, *der*, or *van den*, of, or, of the ; *Des mans* of the man, *der mannen* of the men.

The Dative case is known by this token *ten*, *der*, or *te* ; to, or, to the ; or by this Preposition *ten*, *aan* *ten*, or *aan de* to the.

The Accusative case is like the Nominative.

The Vocative case is known by this token *O*, as *O mensch O man*.

The Ablative case is known by the Preposition *van*, *van den*, or *van de*, from, or, from the.

### Of Genders of Nouns.

All Nouns are divided into three Genders, namely, *Het Mannelick* the Masculine, *het Vrouwelick* the Feminine, and *het Geuterley* the Neuter.

A Substantive of the Masculine gender, is a word of the male-kind ; as *Die wilck man*, this honest man.

A Feminine Substantive is a word of the female kind ; as *Die schoone vrouwe*, that fair woman.

A Neuter Substantive is a word that is neither Masculine, nor Feminine ; as *Het moy huis*, the fine house.

### Of the Declension of Nouns.

#### Entbontd, Singular.

Nom. { *De man*, the man.  
Gen. { *Des mans*, or *van den man*, of the man.  
Dat. { *Den man*, or *aan den man*, to the man.  
Abl. { *Van den man*, from the man.

Mars

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**Gebouwt**, Plural.

- Nom. **D**e mans, the men.  
Gen. **D**er mannen, or van de mannen, of the men.  
Dat. **D**en mannen, or aan de mannen, to the men.  
Abl. **A**an de mannen, from the men.

Note that Nouns end their Plurals in **s**, or **n**.

All single syllables end their Plurals in **en**; as example, **Uter** fire, **vieren** fires; **been** bone, **beven** bones. Except man, wife, mate, and bock have **s** in their plurals; as **H**angs men, **wijfs** wives, **macts** mates, **bocks** cooks.

All denominations which end in **heit** in the singular, in the plural end in **heiden**; as, **Wijfheit**, **wijfeden**.

And those which end in **t** singular, change **t** into **d**; as **het ligt** the body, **de liggen** the bodies.

Those which end in **gh**, **dt**, leave out the **h** and **t** in the plural; as **dagh** day, **dagen** days; **gebodt** precept, **geboden** precepts.

In the declining of Adjectives the change falleth upon the end with **e**, **n**, or **r**, as for example:

**Gebouwt**, Singular.

- Nom. **D**e goede, the good.  
Gen. **D**es goede, or van de goede of the good.  
Dat. **D**en goede, or aan den goede, to the good.  
Abl. **A**an de goede, from the good.

**Gebouwts**, Plural.

- Nom. **D**e goede, the good.  
Gen. **D**er goede, or goede, of the good.  
Dat. **D**en goede, or aan de goede, to the good.  
Abl. **A**an de goede, from the good.

Note that the common Adjectives both of the Masculine and Feminine genders may take an **e** upon the end of

*Vloot v. Hex. tot  
refel geformu-  
leerd. xx 2*

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of their terminations, which in the Neuter are cast off.

As, Masc. **Fern.** Stercke, Neut. **Sterck**, strong; Masc.  
Fem. **Hooghe**, Neut. **hoogh** high.

## Of the Comparison of Adjectives.

There be three degrees of Comparison; the Positive **Stelling**, Comparative **Vergrooting**, Superlative **Wittemende**.

The Positive berokens the thing absolutely without excesse; as **Wijck** rich, **ar** poor, **jongh** young, **oud** old, **bequaem** fit.

The Comparative exceedeth its Positive; as **Wijcker** richer, **armet** poorer, **jonger** younger, **oudter** older, **bequaemter** fitter, or more fit.

The Superlative exceedeth its Positive in the highest degree; as **Wijckst** richest, **armst** poorest, **jonghst** youngest, **oudst** oldest, **bequaemst** fittest, or most fit.

The Comparatives take commonly **a**, **r**, upon the end of the word, and in the Superlative degree take to themselves **st**, as **Sterck** strong, **Stercker** stronger, **Sterckst** strongest.

Some vary from this Rule, as **Goedt** good, **quaedt** ill, or bad, **groot** great. Comparative **Beter** gooder, or better, **quader** oft, **Erger** badder, or worse, **grooter** oft, **wittter** greater, or more. Superlative **Best** best, **quaedst** oft, **erghst** baddest, or worst, **grootst** oft, **meest** greatest, or most.

All Adjectives ending in **i**, **n**, and **r**, being compared, have in their termination **der**; as **H**iel swift, **snelder** swifter, **schien** fair, **schoonder** fairer, **waert** heavie, **swaerder** heavier.

The names of numbers are not compared; as **Een** one, **two**, **three** **vier** four.

The incomparable Adjectives are called Particiles, which

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which end in en; as **Gehouden** hold, or bound, **gekomen** come, **geroepen** called.

### Of Diminitive Words.

The Diminitives are commonly known by words ending in **ken**; as **Hout** a stone, the Diminitive is **gesken** a small or little stone; **boom** a tree, **boomken** a little tree; **bedde** a bed, **beddeken** a little bed. But words which double their last letters in the plural number end in **eken**; as **Gal** gall, **bal** ball, **galliken**, **balleken**.

### Of Pronouns.

A Pronoun is much like to a Noun, which is used in shewing, rehearsing, or asking.

Pronouns are of five sorts; Namely, Personal, Interrogative, Possessive, Demonstrative, and Relative.

The personal Pronouns are **Ich I**, **ghy**, or **u** Ieden thou, **hy** he; Plural **wij** wee, **ghyliceden** yee, **sy** Ieden they.

Pronouns Possessive are **mijne**, my mine, **uwne** tue thy thine; **ijn haer**, his, her, its; **onsre** ours, **uwre** yours haer-tieder, they, theirs.

Relative Pronouns are these; **wie** wat, who whom, what; **welkes** de welche, which, the which; **die** oft, dat that.

These Pronouns become Interrogatives; as **wie is dat?** Who is that? **Welches is de best?** & Which is the best? **Wat is een mensch?** What is a man?

Demonstrative Pronouns are these; **dit** this, **dels** these, **dat** that, **die** those, **Ich selve** I my self, **ghy lieber** selve thou thy self, **hemselve** himself, **ons selve** ourselves, **u Ieden selve** your selfs, **onsre haer**, **hunselfe** themselves, selves.

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selves, or their selves; **dit selve** this same, **dat selve** that same, **deselbe** these same, **die selve** those same, **de selve** man the same man, **de selve vrouwe** the same woman, **geselbe** dier the same beast; **alle** all, **alle mensch** every man, **alle vrouwe** every woman, **alle dier** every beast.

**Gene** is a Pronoun, **that**; and **gene** is a Negative, **none**; as **Ich en hebbe gene**, I have none.

### Of Verbs.

Verbs are either Active, Passive, or Neuter; and betoken to do, to suffer, or to be.

Verbs are declined with Moods and Tenses, Number and persons; as for example.

Indicative mood present tense.

**Ich doe** I do      **wij doen** we do  
Sing. **ghy doet** thou doest Plur. **ghy i. doet yee do.**  
**hy doet** he doth      **sy doen** they do.

Preterimperfect tense.

**Ich dede** I did      **wij deden** we did  
Sing. **ghy dedet** thou didst Plur. **ghy dedet yee did.**  
**hy dede** he did      **sy deden** they did.

Preterperfect tense.

**Ich hebbe** I have      **wij hebben** we have  
Sing. **ghy hebt** thou hast Plur. **ghy hebt yee have.**  
**hy heeft** he hath      **sy habben** they have.

Preterpluperfect tense.

**Ich hadde** I had      **wij hadden** we had  
Sing. **ghy hadde** thou hadst Plur. **ghy hadde yee had.**  
**hy hadde** he had      **sy hadden** they had.

Future tense.

**Ich sal** I will or shall      **wij sallen** we  
**ghy salt** thou wilt or shalte Pl. **ghy salt yee shall or**  
**hy sal** he will or shall      **sy sallen** they will.

### Imperas.

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## Imperative Mood.

laet my let me      laet ons let us  
doet ghy do thou      Pl. doet ghy do ye  
laet hem let him      laet hant let them

## Potential Mood present tense.

ick mach of kan      I may or can  
ghy mooght ofte kont thou maist or canst  
hy mach ofte kan he may or can  
wy mogen of kunnen we  
ghy mooght ofte kont ye      } nay or can  
hy mogen of kunnen they }

## Preterimperfect tense.

- 1 Ick moght, kost, wilde, sondet;
  - 2 Ghy mooght, kost, wondert, sondet.  
thou mightest, couldst, wouldest, shouldest;
  - 3 hy moght, kost, wilde, soude, he &c.
- 1 wy moghten, kosten, wonden, souden, we      could  
2 ghy moght, kost, wilde, sondet, ye might, should  
3 sy moghten, kosten, wonden, souden, they would.

## Indicative Mood present tense.

ick beminne I love, or I do love.  
ghy beminne thou lovest, or dost love.  
hy beminne he loveth, or doth love,  
wy beminnen we love  
ghy l. bemin: ye love      or do love.  
sy beminnen they love

## Preterimperfect tense.

ick beminde I loved, or did love.  
ghy bemindet thou lovedst, or didst love;  
hy beminde he loved, or did love,  
wy beminden we  
ghy l. bemindet ye      loved, or did love  
sy beminden they

## Preter:

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## Preterperfect tense.

ick heb beminne      I have loved.  
ghy hebt beminne      thou hast loved  
hy heft beminne      he hath loved  
wy hebben beminne      we } have loved  
ghy lieiden hebt beminne yee } have loved  
sy hebben beminne      they }

## Preterpluperfect tense.

ick hadde beminne      I had loved  
ghy hadde beminne      thou hadst loved  
hy hadde beminne      he had loved  
wy hadde beminne      we } had loved  
ghy lieiden hadde beminne yee } had loved  
sy hadde beminne      they }

## Future tense.

ick sal of wil beminnen      I shall or will love  
ghy salt of wil beminnen      thou shalt or wilt love  
hy sal of wil beminnen      he shall or will love  
wy sullen of willen      we }  
ghy l. salt of willet beminnen yee } shal or will love  
sy sullen of willen      they }

## Imperative Mood.

- 1 laet my beminne let me love
- 2 bemin ghy love thou, or do thou love
- 3 dat hy beminne love he, or let him love
- 1 laet ons beminnen love we, or let us love
- 2 bemin ghy lieiden love ye, or do ye love
- 3 dat sy beminnen love they, or let them love

## Infinitive Mood.

Present tense and Preterimperfect tense,  
te beminnen to love  
Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.  
bemin te hebben to have  
bemin hadde or had loved.

## Indicative

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Indicative mood present tense.

- 1 Ick werte I am loved
- 2 ghy wert beminnt thou art loved
- 3 hy wert he is loved
- 1 wy werden beminnt we are, or be loved
- 2 ghy lieden wert beant ye are or be loved
- 3 sy werden beminnt they are loved

Preterimperfect tense.

- 1 Ick weide I was loved
- 2 ghy wederde beminnt thou wast loved
- 3 hy wederde he was loved
- 1 wy wederen we were loved
- 2 ghy lieden werd beminnt ye were loved
- 3 sy wieden they were loved

Future tense.

- Ick sal of wyl beminnt warden I shall, or will, be  
ghy sal of wyl beminnt warden thou shall, or  
will be loved  
Wy sullen of wullen beminnt warden we shall  
or will be loved  
hy sal of wyl beminnt warden hee shall or  
will be loved  
ghy I sult of wilt beminnt warden yee shall or  
will be loved  
sy sullen of wullen beminnt warden they shall or  
will be loved

Imperative mood.

- 1 laet my beminnt warden let me be loved
- 2 wer ghy beminnt be thou loved
- 3 dat hy beminnt warden let him be loved
- 1 laet ons beminnt warden let us be, or be we
- 2 dat ghy lieden beminnt wert be ye love
- 3 dat sy beminnt werten let them be,  
or be they

The Optative and the Subjunctive Moods are like  
the Indicative, and differ not but in the signs of the  
Mood.

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Moods, which are these; Wannar, or als ich beminnt  
when I love, or do love; Godt gebe ich beminnt, God  
grant I love; Ick bidde Godt, I pray God; Gods  
gebe dat ik beminnt woerde, God grant that I be  
loved.

Infinitive Mood, Pieterimperfect tense.  
beminnt te warden, to be loved.

Preterperfect, and Preterpluperfect:  
hebben of hadde beminnt warden, to have or had been  
loved:

Participle of the Preter. tense:  
beminnt synde, loved, or being loved.

Note that the Participles in the Present tense, that  
end in ing, end in Dutch in end. As **Bemindte Lov-**  
**ing, Leerende Teaching:** and the Participles of the  
preterperfect tense end in d,t, or n. as **Ik hebbs: Be-**  
**mindt, I have Loved;** **Ik hebbe geslekt,** I have taught;  
**Ik hebbe Geffen,** I have beaten or smitten.

Note that the Participles of the preterperfect, and  
preterpluperfect, are commonly compounded with these  
Participles, **Ge,** be and **ter.**

As **Ik hebbe bel. hreken,** I have described.

**Ik hebbe geschreven.** I have written.

**Ik hebbe verloren.** I have lost.

Participles as well of the Active as of the Passive voice  
may borrow of a Noun, the Participles and Cases, and  
may be Declined through the Cases.

Nom. **Gen beminnde vader,** a loving father.

Gen. **Van een,** or **eneg beminnde moeder,** of a lo-  
ving mother.

Dat. **Met,** or **tot een beminnde broder,** to a loving  
brother.

Voc. **O beminnde vader,** O loving father.

Abl. **Van, by, or door een beminnde suster,** from  
by, or through a loving sister.

(a) Imper-

in 1658?

Heb 48

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Impersonal Verbs are formed of the third person, if you put this Article *het* before it; as, *het behaeght*, it pleaseth; *het behaeghde*, it pleased, or did please; *het haest behaeght*, it hath pleased; *het hadde behaeght*, it had pleased; *het sal behagen*, it shall please; *Latet het u behagen*, it may please you; *het mocht konde* or *houde* *behaegen*, it might could or should please you: Thus much of the Declinable Parts of Speech,

### The Indeclinable follow.

#### Of Adverbs.

H *Adverb* is a part of Speech Indeclinable, added to other words to shew their signification.  
H Adverbs are of diverse signification. Some are of Place; as, *hier* here, *datt* there, *waer* where, *ergens* any where; *elders*, *op een ander plaatse* elsewhere, *over all*, every where, *binnen* within, *buyten* without, &c.  
Of Time; as, *immermeer*, oft, ever; *nimmermoer*, noyt never; *van daghe*, *heden*, to day; *gisteren* yesterday; *nu* now, &c.  
Of Number; as, *eng* once, *twemael* twice, *driemael* thrice, &c.  
Of Order; as, *daer nae* after that, *te vooren* before that.  
Of Asking; as, *hoe*? how? *wacrom*? whence? *ha*? so? *how* so?  
Of Affirming; as, *seker* truly, also, *jae* yes.  
Of Denying; as, *nien*, *niet*, no, nor; *geauss*, in no wise.  
Of Shewing; as, *ster dact*, behold.  
Of Quality; as, *geleerdelyk* learnedly, *te degen*, well, well.  
Note that some Adverbs come from Adjectives, and are

H somewhere

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are called Adverbs of Quality, which in English end in *ly*, and in Dutch in *lich*; as, *geleerdelich* learnedly; *meer geleerdelich*, more learnedly; *seer geleerdelich*, most learnedly; *dichtwyls* oft, *Dichtwijlsee* ofter, *Dichtwijls*, or *seer dictwyls*, often, or most often; *seldem* seldom, *meer selden*, more seldom; *seer selden*, most seldom.

#### Of a Conjunction.

A Conjunction is an Indeclinable part of Speech, that coupleth words and sentences together:  
As *ende* and, *doch* also; *noth*, *onch*, *niet*, nor, neither; *niet alleen*, not only; *maer* *doch*, but also; *of*, *ofte*, either, or; *alhoewel*, although; *maer*, *doch*, but; *wys*, moreover; *voorts*, further, &c.

#### Of a Preposition.

P Reposition is a part of Speech most commonly set before other parts, either in Apposition, or in Composition: In Apposition, as *Den mijnen vader*, to my father; *tot Rotterdam*, at Rotterdam. Or in Composition, as *Ongelert*, unlearned; *onbeschaint*, impudent.

H As to, *tot*, to, unto; *by*, at, by; *tooz*, *ter dan*, before; *omtrent*, about; *tegen*, against; *buyten* without, *tusschen* between; *binnen* within; *ondes* beneath; *dichte by* besides, *daer through*, *nae by* near, *om for*, *achter* after, &c.

#### Of an Interjection.

I Interjection is a word which expresseth a sudden passion of the mind, in an imperf<sup>e</sup>ct voice: as,  
*Dch armen*, *och laey*, oh, alas; *woe*, woe; *ey lieve*, Ick bidd<sup>e</sup> u, I pray thee; *soig*, fie, &c.

## Rules of Syntax.

**N**ouns are commonly expressed with Particles, as **de** man **heft** dat ghedaen; The man hath don that; they always come before the nouns; as **de man**, the man, **de vrouwe**, a woman.

Adj. Alwais go before Substantives, in Gender, Number, and Case; as **Een goede man**, a good man, **De goede vrouw**, the good woman.

Two Adjectives are often found to come after a Substantive, as **Hij is een man goede erdigh en geleerd**. He is a good man natered, and Learned.

When two Substantives come together, one of them is put in the Genitive case: as **Pieters boek**, Peters book, **Davids Psalmen**, Davids Psalms.

When as in a reaon two cases follow one another, it is better that in the place of one case, they put in the Preposition **Van**, **of**, as **De wet van den Geest des lebens** is, is better then if one said, **De wet des Geests des lebens**, The Law of the Spirit of life.

It will be tedious, and to little purpose; to put down a multiplicity of rules: You may easily perceive the difference of the dialect by observation in reading; to which I shall refer you, and conclude with these few examples, wherein you have the Dutch placed word for word to our English; and likewise to it's Syntax.

*Engel  
scholmaester*

jo. 33-34.

1. **D. i. hy haest wel bedient sijn ampt,**  
**hy heeft sijn ampt wel bedient.**  
He hath well administered his office.
2. **D. i. Daer is nood van naersticheyt,**  
**daer is naersticheyt van nood.**  
There is need of diligence.

3 pp

3. **Hy is waerdigh to woerdien bemint.**  
**Hy is waerdigh bemint te woorden.**  
He is worthy to be loved.

4. **Indien mijne ere blijft gehalende onbeschadigheit; ik en pas niet op de schade van mijn goet.**  
**Bla mijne ere ghetrouwende onbeschadigheit blijft; en passe ik op't verlies van mijn goet niet.**  
If mine honour remain whole and undamnified,  
I regard not the damage of mine estate.

Certain common Scripture-places, very useful for the practice of the former Rules.

The ten Commandments, Exodus, 20. Deut. 5.

**G**OD spake all these words, and said; I am the Lord thy God, which have brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.

1. Commandement.  
Thou shalt have none other Gods before my face.
2. Thou shalt make to thy self no graven image, nor any likeness, either of any thing in heaven above, nor of any thing that is in earth beneath, nor of any thing that is in the water under the earth: Thou shalt

= 37 - 38 - 39

Eenige ghemeyne Schriften-plaetsen, seer dienstich tot het ghebruyc der v. orgtende regelen.

De tien Ghebeden; Exodus, 20. Deut. 5.

**G**od sprach alle dese woorden, ende seyde: Ich bin de Here uwen God, die u vpt Egypten landt, uyt den dieust-huyse gheleyt hebbet.

1. G. G. odt.  
Ghy en sult geen andere Goden voort wijn aenghe-  
scht hebbet.

2. Ghy en sult u genn, belden, noch geen gelijc-  
kenisse maken, noch van't gene dat boven in den he-  
mel is, noch van't geng dit onder op der aerdien is,  
noch van't gene dat in't water onder der aerdien is:

Es

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nor bow down to them; nor serve them; for I am the Lord thy God, strong and jealous, who visit the iniquity of the fathers upon the children, ( even ) to the third and fourth generation of them that hate me; and shew me cy to many thousands of them that love me, and keep my commandments.

3. Thou shalt not take up the Name of the Lord thy God in vain, or lightly. For the Lord will not hold him guiltless, nor leave him unpunished, that taketh his Name in vain.

4. Remember the Sabbath day, that thou keep it holy: Six daies shalt thou labour, and do all thy work: but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God, in it thou shalt do no work, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy servant, nor thy maid, nor thy cattle, nor the stranger which is within thy gate. For in six daies the Lord made heaven & earth, and

en

The Dutch-Tutor. 21

and the sea, with all that is therein, and he rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath-day, and hallowed it.

5. Thou shalt honour thy father and mother, that thou maist live long upon the earth, and that it may go well with thee in the land, which the Lord thy God shal give thee.

6. Thou shal not kill.

7. Thou shalt not commit adultery.

8. Thou shalt not steal.

9. Thou shalt bear no false witness against thy neighbor.

10. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbors house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbors wife, nor his servant, nor his maid, nor his Ox, nor his Ass, nor any thing which is thy neighbour's.

The Lord's Prayer.

Our Father, which art in heaven. Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done on earth, ( as it is in heaven )

en

ende de Jezus mit alle dat

daerint is, ende hy rustede den sevenden dagh: daerom legende de Heere den Sabbath-dagh, ende heylige den selven.

5. Ghy sal u Vader ende moeder certen, op dat ghy langhe leeft op dat aerd, ende dat dat u wel gae in den lande, dat u de Heere uwe God geben sal.

6. Ghy en salt niet doodden.

7. Ghy en salt Echtheit.

8. Ghy en salt niet stelen.

9. Ghy en salt ghenatelsche ghetrouwghete sprekken teghen swen naesten.

10. Ghy en salt niet begreven swes naesten huys, ghy en salt niet begheert swes naesten wif, noch syn knecht, noch syn dienstmaeght, noch syn oef, noch syn esel, noch wel enigh ding, dat swen naesten haest.

Het ghebedt onse Heeren.

Onse Vader, die daer

is in de Hemelen.

Gheyliget werde uwe

name.

Uwe richte komme

Uwe wille geschieds, op

der aerd, als in den He-

mel.

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heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our debts, even as we forgive our debtors. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, the power, and the glory, for ever. Amen.

42-43 The 12 Articles of the Catholic Christian Faith:

I Believe in God the Father, the Almighty, maker of heaven and earth. And in Jesus Christ his only Son our Lord : which was conceived of the Holy Ghost, born of the Virgin Mary: who suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead, and buried, descended into hell. The third day he rose again from the dead, ascended into heaven, (and is) sitting at the right hand of God, the Father Almighty ; from whence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead. I believe in the Holy Ghost. I believe an holy Catholick Christian Church, the Communion of Saints : forgiveness of sins, resurrection of the flesh : and life everlasting.

Dialogues

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 1

Dialogues and ordinary discourses among men.

Morning salutations.

Austin, Bernard.

- A Ood morrow Sir.  
B And you also Sir.  
A Goodmorrow neighbour.  
A And to you also, my loving neighbour.  
A God give you good morrow, Bernard.  
B And you also Austin: God give you good morrow.  
A Goodmorrow be to you.  
B I thank you Sir.  
A I wish you a good morrow.  
B I wish the like also to you.  
A I wish this day may bee prosperous to you.  
B And I wish it may not go ill with you.  
A What do you up so early?  
B Is it not time to be up?  
A Wherefore do you rise so soon?  
B To rise betimes in the morning, is the most wholesome thing in the world.

Salu-

gus

Gro-

T' sachen sprekingen en gemeyne conringen onder de menschen.

Morgen groetenissen.

Augustijn, Bernard.

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- A G Dede morgen Heer.  
B Ende u oock mijn Heer.

A Goeden dagh heurman.  
B Ende u alsoo mijn lieve naesten.

A God gheue u goeden dach Bernard.

B Ende u mede Augustijn: goeden dach eere u Gode.

A Goeden dach sy u l.

B Ick bedancke mijn Heer.

A Ick wensch u goeden dach.

B Ick wensche u desghen Ick.

A U moet desen dach wel zijn.

B Ten moet u oock nies qualijk gaen.

A Wat maect ghysdroegh op?

B Isse niet tijde op te syn?

A Welcom staet ghys so droegh op?

B Smoighens droegh au te haen, is het ghesondheling in de werelt.



**2 Dialogues in English and Dutch.**

**2 Salutations at meeting and parting.**

Clemens. David.

C God save you David.  
D And you also Cle-  
mens.

C God save you heartily.  
D And you also as heartily.

C How do you?  
D I am well I thank God; at  
your service: and you  
Clemens, how is it with  
you? well?

C I am also in health: how  
doth your father and mo-  
ther?

D They are in good health  
praised be God.

C How goes it with you my  
good friend?

D It goeth well with mee,  
goes it but so well with  
you.

C I wish you good health.  
D I wish the same to you  
also.

C I salute you.  
D And I you also.

C Are you well? are you  
in good health?

D I am well, indeed I am in  
good health, I am health-  
full, and in prosperity.

That

2 Groetenissen in 't ge-  
moeten en van malcar-  
deren scheydea.

Clemens. David.

C W<sup>t</sup>ilt gegrout Davy.  
D welck ghy oock  
ghegrout Clemens.

C Welck leert gegrout.  
D Ende ghy oock so leerte.

C Hoe vaert ghy?  
D Ick vare wel Godt dank,  
tot, u wen dienst. Ende  
ghy Clemens, hoe ist met  
u? wel?

C Ick vare oock wel hoe te-  
ren u. Uder en u. Da-  
der?

D Sy zyn Godt, los, ghesont.

C Hoe gaet het met u myn  
goede vrient?

D Hee gaet my wel, gaet  
maer so wel niet u.

C Ick wensche u gesonthert.  
D Dat selve wensche Ick u  
oock.

C Ick groete u.  
D Ende icl u oock.

C Uert ghy wel? Ict g?  
wel te passe?

D Ick vare wel. Ick ben  
voopwaer wel te passe. Ick  
ben gesondt, ghe wachten  
de.

**Dialogues in English and Dutch. 3**

C That is good. That is  
well. That is pleasing to  
me. That maketh mee glad.  
I love to hear that. I be-  
seach you to take care of  
your health. Preserve your  
health.

C Dat is goet. Dat gaet  
wel. Dat is my lief. Dat  
verbloude my. Ick hoor  
dat gaerne, Ick bidde u  
daeghter longe voor uw  
gefondheyte. Beware u geson-  
theyt.

D Ick mach nu niet  
langher coeven. Ick ben  
haelick om gaen. Ick moet  
gaen. Ik heb mycste van do-  
en. Ick kan hier niet  
bleve staen. Daert wel  
Adieu. Blyke Goede bevolen.  
Blyk gesont.

C Ende ic ork myn lieve  
vrient. God b-hoede u. God  
ghelyde u. God sy niet u.  
Weltet u mynent weghen  
u l. huyshouder en kin-  
deren van getten te groe-  
ten.

D I will do your mess-ge.  
But I pray command mee  
also to your father and  
mother.

D Ick sal ne boodscap  
wel doen: Naer legget  
doe; my oock uwen Uader  
ende morder godden dagh.

3 Salutations for the e-  
vening tide and night.

Edward. Francis.

E Good even my friend.  
F Goden avont vrient.  
G You are welcome. Ed.

H Opy dit willecom. Ed.

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#### 4 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

**E**dward: I am glad to see you. How is it with your whole family? come you now from home?

**E** Yes, I came even now from home, and have left all in good health for so much as I know: and am com hither to visite you mine old acquaintance.

**F** That is very wel done: friends ought to be friendly. I am bound highly to thank you for your so great love and remembrance of us; I wish that I may deserve, and if it be possible, again require it.

**E** Forbear I pray you to complement so. I have done you no such great friend ship, but you have done ten times more for me. But I cannot tarry here. I must return home, for it beginneth to be late and dark. My friend Francis, I wish you a good even.

**F** I thank you heartily: and I wish you the same with a good heart. But what hast have you? It is not so late as it seemeth to be: for the days begin to shorten.

**E** Although it were not late

**E**dward: het is my lie dat ick u sien. Wat ist meer heel huylghelin? komt ghe nu van huys?

**E** Ja, Ick komen soo even van huys, en hebbe alle gaer in geslotheyd gheslatten voor soo veel als ick weet: eu ben hier gekomen, om u l. min oude kennis te belooken.

**F** Datis heel wel ghegaen: voldinden behoupen d'rent deycke te sien. Ick heb nu hoogelich te bedintken wghens uwer soo groote liefde en gedachte: n'st onswert. Ick wenche dat ick het verdienden, ende soo her moegheuk is weder vergeloeck mach.

**E** Laet af blidde ick u soete complementeeren. Ick hebbe u. l. soo grontenbinte schay niet gedacht of ghy hie in thiemael meer gedden. Dat ick en kan hier niet beden, ick moet weder te huys gaen, wan: het beginne laet en doncker te worden. Bi' en vrient Francois ick wünsche u een goeden avont.

**F** Ick bedanken herzelick: ende wensche u. l. desgelticks uye goede herten. Dat wat baec heeft ghy? Het en is so laet niet als t schint: want de deghen beginnen te verkosten.

**E** Al waer't niet laet, noch

tans moet ik op een ander plaets om een boortchap wesen, eer ick t'huys kau gaen.

**F** Wel aen, sek en sal a nies ophouden. Alleenlyk wenschende dat u die een geluckighen avonde mach syn to you.

**E** And I wish it may not be unprosperous unto you.

#### Salutations for the Evening.

George. Henry.

**G** What is the clock? what time a night is it?

**H** It is ten a clock. It hath strucken ten. It is almost ten a clock.

**G** I know it not. I think it is not so late. It cannot be so late.

**H** It is indeed. It is surely. I have heard it strike.

**G** Then it is time to go to bed. We must then go to sleep. We must then depart, and go to rest.

**H** I am not sleepy. I have at present no need of rest. I am not sleepy. I am very wakeful.

**G** But

#### Dialogues in English and Dutch. 5

I late, yet I must bee at another place of an errand, before I can go home.

**F** Go to, I will not detain you. Only I wish this evening may be prosperous to you.

**E** And I wish it may not be unprosperous unto you.

#### Groetenissen voor den avond.

George. Henry.

**G** Elle laet islet? wat ure inde nacht islet.

**H** Hec is eltein ure. Hec is chien ghelagen. Hec is by chien ure.

**G** Ich weet'e niet. Ick mein'e niet dat hec so late is. Hec kan solact niet welen.

**H** T is immers. Tis voorslecker. Ick hebbet hoor'en haen.

**G** Soo islet eldt om te bedde te gaen. So salmen gaen sliepen. wy moeten dan van malkander scheiden en gaen rusten.

**H** Ick heb gheuen vacck. Ick heb rechte oor: gheen ruste van doen. Ick ben niec slaperigh. Ick ben heel waker.

**B** 3      **G** 39.

12

## 6 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

G But I am very sleepy. I have great need of rest. I am very sleepy. I cannot hold open mine eyes. I bid you therefore good night my friend. God give you good night.

H Go then to sleep: and God keep you. I wish this night may be prosperous to you. I wish you a good night. I wish this night may further you, and that you may sleep soundly.

G I thank you for all your kindness. God bee with you.

H But stay a little. Mee thinks you do much forget your self. Ought wee not first to pray to God together.

G I thank you for your remembrance. If it please you to perform the duv, I shall join with you willingly.

H Go to, I will do it for this time by Gods help.

Fami.

Be.

G Daer lek ben vol backe. Rust is my leet noodick. Ich ben heel slaperigh. Ich kan myn oogen niet open houden. Dacrom wenche ich ic goede nacht myn vrient. God geve u goede nacht.

H Gaet dan slapen: ende Godt beware u. Delen nacht sy u geluckigh. Hebt eenen goede nacht. Dese nacht voordere u, en da:ye ghy gesondelick.

G Ick bedank u voor alles goets. God sy met u l.

H Miet wacht een weynich. My duncet dat ghy u selfs my wat vergheet. We haoren wy niet in aldaeren. Godt niet eerst aen te bidden?

G Ick bedanke u weghens de indachtichmakinghe. so bet u l. beluste te doen. Ick sal u gheerne ghesellchap houden.

H Wel aen lek, salte voort dies tijt niet Gods hulpe doon.

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 7

Familiar discourse of rising up in the morning.

Margaret, Francis, Peter.

H O Francis! Arise and go to School, you shall be beaten; for it is past seven a Clock.

Make you ready quickly, say your prayers. Then shall you have your break fast.

Margaret, give mee my hose, make hast I pray you, where is my dublet? bring my garters and my shooes, and reach mee the shooing horn.

Put on first a clean shirt, for that is foul.

Make hast then, for I stay too long.

It is moist yet; tarry a little that I may dry it by the fire.

I cannot tarry so long, go your way. I will none of it.

Your Mother will chide mee, if that you go to school without your clean shirt.

I had

B4

Ick

G Bewoonlick Koutinge van s' morgene op te staen.

Margriete, Francois, Pieter.

H Ou Francois! staet op en ter scholen gae, ghe sulle ghesmiten worden, want t'is over seuen urem.

Kleede u hastelycken, seghe u ghebeden dan lustig uwen ontbuit hebben.

Margriete geef my minne kousen: haet u ick bides u ware is myn wambays? Bringt myne kousen ende 't aantregeret lan.

Doet eerst een schoon hemd, want dat is te vijl.

Haecte u dan wane ick te langhe beyden.

'Tis noch voghtigh: beyde ten lustken dat ick aanc nyet drooge.

Ick een zonde so lange niet kommen teven: gae heenen ick een begeert geen.

A Moeder sal my behy-ven, dat dat ghy scholen gae sondet u schoon hemde.

Opmerk i  
Engl. sedelen.



• 10 [Dialogues in English and Dutch.]

*How to learn to buy  
and sell.*

TES 106

**L** God give you good morrow Gossip, and your company.

**M** And you also Gossip.

**L** What do you here so early in cold? Have you been here long?

**M** About an hour.

**L** Have you sold much to day?

**M** What should I have sold already? I have not yet taken handfull.

**L** Nor I neither.

**M** Be of good cheer, it is yet early: God will send us some merchants (or Chapman.)

**L** I hope so. Here comes one, hee will come hither. Friend what will you buy? Come hither, do you please to buy any thing? Look if I have any thing for your turne. Come in, I have here good cloth, good linnen cloth of all sorts, good silk, Chumlet, Damask, Velvet. I have also good flesh, good fish, and good herrings. Here is good butter, and good cheese also, of all sorts.

Will

Om te leeren coopen ende vercoopen.

**L** Godt gebe u goeden dach ghevader, ende u gheselichap.

**M** Ende u also ghevader.

**L** Wat maect ghy hier so vroegh in de koude? hebby lange hier geweest?

**M** Onkrent een ure.

**L** Hebt ghy veel van desen daghe verkocht?

**M** Wie soude ick alreeds verkochte hebben? Ick en hebbe noch gheen haengist onfangen.

**L** Noch ick oock.

**M** Hebt goeden moet, ets noch vroegh: God sal ons eenige Coopluyzden senden.

**L** Ick hoop het. Hier coemt een, hy sal hier kommen. Friend wat wilde ghy koopen? Comt hier belitte u yets te coopen? Beliet of ick niet en heb dat u dient. Coemt binnen, Ick hebbe hier goet laken, goed linnen laken van alle soorten, goede ryde lachen, Camelot, Damast, fluweel. Ick hebbe oock goet vleesch, goeden visch, ende goeden haringh. Hier is goede botter, ende oock goeden kaas, van alle soorten. Will

Dialogues in English and Dutch. II

Will you buy a good cap? **G**ooldy een goede bonette koopen? of een goeden doech in Franctoys, ofte in Duytsch, of in Latijn, of Engeltich, of eenen schrifte boek? **C**oopt wie. **B**eliet wat u belieft te koopen, ic sal u goeden coop geben. **E**ylecht wat u belieft, Ick sal't u laeren sien: 't ghesichte en sal u niet costen.

**D** How much shall I pay for an ell of this cloth?

**L** You shall pay for it five shillings.

**D** How much must an ell of this cloth cost me?

**L** It must cost you twenty shivers.

**D** How much is a pound of this cheese worth?

**L** A pound will cost a shiver.

**D** How sell you a quire of this wine?

**L** The quire will cost three shivers.

**D** How much hold you the piece?

**L** I hold it at five guldens at one word.

**D** What shall I give for this? but set me not too high a price.

**L** No truly, I will not set you too high a price: I will tell you at one word: **G**oog

you

Wilt u een goede bonette koopen? of een goeden doech in

Franctoys, ofte in Duytsch, of in Latijn, of Engeltich, of eenen schrifte

boek? **C**oopt wie. **B**eliet

wat u belieft te koopen,

ic sal u goeden coop geben.

**E**ylecht wat u belieft, Ick

sal't u laeren sien: 't ghe-

sichte en sal u niet costen.

**D** Hoe veel sal tek voordelen van dit laken betalen?

**L** Ghy salter vif schellu- gen voor betalen.

**D** Hoe veel sal my dielle van dit laken kosten?

**L** Het sal u ewintich fij- vers kosten.

**D** Hoe veel ghelyt het pondt dan delen keele?

**L** Het pondt gelyt eenen shuyver.

**D** Wat gelyt den pot van delen wijn?

**L** Den pot gelyt drie shiv- vers.

**D** Hoe veel loof ghelyt kuck?

**L** Ick loofe, met een wort vif guldens.

**D** Wat sal ick daer voor geven? Wat en verlovet my niet.

**L** Neen ick seker, ick en sal u niet verloven ick sal't u leggen metten woerden. **G**oog

## 12 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

D You shall pay for it seventeen stivers and an half if it please you.

L It is a great deal too much.

D It is not truly. How much do you bid me? Bid something. I will not sell it for that which you bid me. Bid me somthing.

L What should I bid you? you have set it at too high a price.

D I have not; but I did not say that I would not give it for less than I told you. Tell me what you will give me for it.

D I will give twelve stivers for it.

L For that price it is not to be sold, you proffer me less, you bid me too little. I have some here which I will sell you for that price: but it is no: so good as that. I will shew you that which I will sell you for less price; but the lowest price is not always good to be sought. You cannot do better than to buy that which is good. If you were my brother I could not give you any better.

D Will you take my money.

L Not

Ghy salter voort betalen soventien stuyvers ende twaen halven soo het u belijst

D Yet is veel te vele.

L Tens is seker niet. Doe veel liever ghy my s bin wat: Ick en sal t niet gheven voort ghy my s biedt, biedt my wat.

D Wat soude ick daer op bidden? ghy hebber my te velen gheloof.

L Ick en hebbe niet: maer its niet gheleyt dat ic t niet minder gheven sal als icket gheloof hebbe. Seght my wat g'yet voor gheven wile.

D Ick salder twaalf stuyvers voort geven.

L Wou: dien pris is niet tecoop, gy heede my dorste ghy diec my te lietelik hebt hier wel dit ick u voort dien pris gheven wil, niet t en is too goed niet als dat. Ick salder u wel laeten staen, die ick voort minderen pris gheven sal, maer den minsten pris huis niet altoos goen ghelost. Ghy en inucht niet beeter doen, dan wat goets koopen. Alwert g'yn min broeder houd ick u niet beter kunnen gheven.

D Wat ghy min ghebeen.

L Al-

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 13

L Not so.

D You shall have two stivers and an half more.

L I cannot, I should then lose by it.

D I can give no more.

L Well, God guide you. Go try elsewhere if you can buy better cheap: you shall have it no where for less price: I am able to sell you as good cheap as another, but I will not lose by it. I offer it you very near for the same price that it cost me, I must get somwhat, I sit not here to gain nothing, I must live by it. You know well enough that every thing is dear, the one must follow the other, if you will not give the fifteen stivers I cannot help you, you are too hard, (too wise).

D That I am indeed.

L One can gain nothing by you: if every one were so hard as you are, I might well shut up my shop, for I should not get bread to eat.

D It is your pleasure to say so.

L It is true verily.

D Now hear one word.

L Well, say on.

D I will give you another stiver

ghen.

L It is seecker war.

D Nu hoort een woordt.

L Wel, seght.

D Ick sal u noch een stuyver

geven.

L Den kan aen u niet winnen: dat een gegechte so hooch waere als ghyslondt ick min winckel wel mogen sluyten, want ick en soude het broot niet winnen dat ick eerst soude.

D Het belijst u so te segghen.

L Tis seecker war.

D Nu hoort een woordt.

L Wel, seght.

D Ick sal u noch een stuyver

geven.

#### 14 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

L stiver, and no more : I can bestow no more, I shall be shent.

L That were a shal matter, I should also be chidden, if I sold it for less : Are you within a stiver ? It is a shame that you stand so long for a stiver : what will a stiver or two avail you ?

D Yes, you say well, here one stiver, and in another place another, that is two stivers. Well, shall I not have it ?

L Not for that price.

D Farewel then, I am gone.

L God gyde you. Now come hither, take it, I may not refuse my handse, it is too good cheap.

D You say so, but I say it is too dear, you have beguiled me.

L I will free you of it, if you be not contended.

D It would be a shame for me to do so. Hold, there is your money, how much must you have ?

L You know that well enough, thirteen pounds and an half. Is it not so ?

D Well, hold there: give me ten stivers back again.

L I

ver gheven, ende niet meer, ik en mach niet meer geven, ick soude bekeven wouder.

L Dat ware een kleyn sake, ick soude oock bekeven worden dat tekeer mocht gave: zit ghy op eenen daver na? 'Tis schande, dat ghy my soo lange om tewauyver tempteert; wat mens een stivver of twechelpe?

D Ja, ghy leght wel, enne auyver hier, ende eenen daer sun twee stuyvers, wel, sal ick't niet hebben?

L Dijn dien pris is niet.

D Aoen, ick gaer.

L Gode gheleyde u. Na komt hier neeret, ick en mach misse handege niet ontslegghen, 'tis te goed coop.

D Dat leght ghy, ick leght ghe dat te diec is, ghe hebt my bedroghen.

L Iek scheld u quicke dat ghy qualick te vieden sile.

D Het ware my schande dat ick dat dese. Wout diec u ghele, hoe veel moet ghe hebben?

L Dat weet ghy wel, derdien pondt ende een half. Is so niet.

D Wel, houdt daer ghele my thien stuyvers weder.

L Jck

#### Dialogues in English and Dutch. 15

L I have no small money. For how much do you give me this ?

D For four shillings and six pence.

L I will not take it at that rate, it is not worth so much.

D But it is, ask else.

L Give me other money, I shal not be able to put off this.

D You may very well, I will make it good to you: if you cannot put it away, bring it me again I will give you other money. Hold, there is another.

L Now I am content. Will you have it carried for you ? I will cause it to bee carried for you. Take that Sirra, and go with him.

D There is no need of it. I can carry it my self, fare-well mistris.

L I thank you heartily my friend: when you have need of any thing come to me, I will sell you good cheap.

D Well mistris, I will do it willingly. Now God be with you.

L Iek en hebbe geen kleyn geldt. Clooz, hoe veel geels ghy dit?

D Clooz vier schellingen ende ses panninghen.

L Clooz dien pris is sal tekeer niet ontslaughen, 'tis so veel niet waert.

D 'Tis immers, braeghtet.

L Checkt my ander ghelt,

ick en soude dit niet kunnen begheven.

D Ghy sulc wel, ick doet u goed. Ile dat ghy 't niet niet gheben knot, brenghet my weder, ick sal u ander ghelt geven. Houdt daer is een ander.

L Nu ben ick te vieden wilt ghy't gedraghenhebbent? ick sal 'tu doen dragen. Ghy knucht neerat dat ende gaeet niet hem.

D 'Ten is gheen nodd, ick salc wel dragen, adicis Cloouwe.

L Goosten daak myn vrient: as ghy tests van doen hebt komt by my, ick sal is goeden coop gheven.

D Wel Cloouwe, ick salc gheerne doen, zijt Godde bevolen.

Een

16 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A meal of ten persons.

F Rom whence come you?

I From School. From Church. From the Exchange. From the market.

H Whither go you? whither are you going?

I I go home. I am going home.

H What a clock is it? what hour is it?

I It is almost twelve a clock. It is past twelve a clock.

H Is it so late?

I Yea, surely, and therefore I must go hence, for I fear that my mother will be displeased with me. I shall be doubtful of my mother. God with you Her-mes.

H Have you such great hast? hath not our Master asked for me?

I I have not heard him: I can tarry no longer. Farewell. I go.

H Go your way. God guide you.

I God give you good even mother, and all the company.

M Whence

Een maeltijdt van tien persoonen.

H Van waer komoy?

I Under Schoolen, van der kerchen, van de bruy- vanden merck.

H Wat gae dy? wat gae ghy heen?

I Iek gae 't huys. Iek gae na huys toe.

H Wat ure ist? wat tijds ist? Hoe laet ist?

I Het is by den twaalf ure. Het is over den twaalf ure.

H Ist also last?

I Ja woufeker, ende daerom moet iek haene gien, want iek diete daer mijn moeder quert op my sal zyn. Iek twi fel dat iek dan mijn moeder bekeven sal sijn. Gode Verman.

H Hebdy soo groeten haen. En? en hielt ons neestee na my niet ghevraeght?

I Iek en heb niet gehoort. Iek en mach niet langer toe den Adieu. Iek gae.

H Gaet. Gode ghelyde u.

I Godt gebe you godten avont my moeder, ende al het geselschap.

M Am

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 17

M Whence come you John? where have you tarried so long? wherefore come you so late? Is't well done? I bide you to come at four of the Clock: it is now almost six. Tell mee now where you have been? For you have been long out of the School, I know that well: I will tell your Master.

I Pardon mee I pray, I come even now from the School. I knew not that it was so late. I have tarryed nowhere, you may send and ask our master, if you please whether it be not so.

M I will do that. I will know the truth. Go now, cover the Table, lay the cloth, prepare the Table, and hilt you quickly.

I Well mother, I will do it. I will set all things well. But where is the Table cloth?

M The Table cloth is within there upon the cupboard. Set on the salt first. Can you not remember that? I have told you of it more than twenty times: you learn nothing, it is a shame.

Go

M Dat sal selk doen. Iek sal de waerhove weten. Gae mi, decke de tafel. Beregt ds tafel, ende haek u leert.

I Wel moeder iek sal 't doen. Iek late te rechte beschicken. Dact wact is de annenlaken.

M D'annenlaken is dace binnen ovt' tafel. Seetde sou eerst op, Courcy dat niet onthouden? Iek hebbe u meer dan twintigh tafel ghesleyt ghy en lieert niet. Tis groot schande. Gae

18 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

**G**o fetch trenchers, goblets and napkins.

**I** Well my mother, where bee they?

**M** You can find nothing. There they be, was it not well sought? Go fetch bread.

**I** Well, give mee mony. How much shall I bring?

**M** Bring two stivers worth, for one stiver of white, and for one stiver of brown, half one and half another. Bring that which is new baked.

**I** Well, I go. Lo here is bread mother.

**M** You have done well. Wash the beer-pots.

**I** I have washed them a good while since.

**M** Bring hither the spoon-basker.

**I** That hangeth there on the nail.

**M** Set on the platter ring. And go fetch wood to make a fire. Go whet the knives. Put water into the Laver, and hang up a white towel there. And then come and make the fire burn.

**I** Hitherto mother I have done

**G**aet halen telloerten, krezen, tude servetten.

**I** Wel myn moeder, wat synse?

**M** Ghy en konne nset vanden, daer synse. Is e niet wel ghesocht? gat vioede halen.

**I** Wel gheest my gheest voor hoe veel sal ick brenghen.

**M** Branght voor twee spayvers, voor eenen spuyver wits, en voor eenen spuyver buyns, half een half ander, en branghet al nieu backen.

**I** Wel, sch gae. Siet hec ts broot moeder.

**M** Ghy hebe wel gheaden, wasche die drink potter.

**I** Die heb ick laagh ghewaschen.

**M** Branght hier den lepelkoof.

**I** Die hange af den nael.

**M** Set op den Schotel: rink. Ende gat nu houen halen, om een viert te maken. Gaet wet de miflen. Siet water in't lavooy, ende hanght daer een witte handdoek, komt dan ende doce het viert branden.

**I** Moeder tot nu tot heb ick

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 19

done what you have commanded. What now is your further pleasure?

**M** Come now to me, and I will teach you manners which you ought to obserue at the Table.

**I** I pray you teach them me, and I will hearken diligently to you without interrupting a word in your speech: and I hope that I shall also observe what you give me in charge.

**M** Go to first of all you shall cleanse your nails. After that wash your hands. Presently after that blesse God. Then set your self handsomely down. Take the meat with your fingers, and grapse it not with the fist. Offer not to eat fist. Also drink not fist. Lean not on your elbow. Sit upright. Spread not out your arms. Drink not greedily. Also eat not hastily or greedily. Take that which lieth next before you. And keep not your trencher too long. Gape not on other folk. Wipe your mouth when you will drinke, not with your hand, but with the napkin. What you

ick gedraen 't gheene ghy my bevolen heft, wat is dat ghy nu verder begeert.

**M** Komt nu by my, ende ich sat u manieren leeren, die ghy over de tafel behoopt te houden.

**I** Ick bidde u leerte my, ende ick sal u neerstelycke tochooren sonder niet een woord tuschen u reden te valten: Ick verhoop cock dit ick onderhouden sal 't ghene ghy my bevolen salte.

**M** Will a mi, in den eersten sulc schu u maghien repurghen. Datena wallhet is handen. Te-sone daerna gebenedict God. Dan sete u propelyck neder. Grype de spyle met de vingheren aen, en vaste niet mit de vuyl. Ghebastet niet eerst te eten. Duncet cock niet eerst. Leeuet niet op dynen ellebooghe. Sit recht op. Spyle de acmen niet upp. Drincke niet brachelyck. Dock en eet niet haestelycke of begeertlyck. Neeme dat nael doos u leyf. En houde u telloor niet te langhe. Ghep ander lieuen niet arm. Wargh dynen mons als ghy drinken wilt, niet metter handi maer metter servet.

**C** **D**

20 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

**I** you have bitten of dip not again into the dish. Lick not your fingers. Gnaw also no bones. Cut your meat in pieces with your knife. Grease not your mouth. Wipe your fingers often. Pick not your nostrils. Be silent when no body asketh you any thing. Eat so much as you desire. When you have eaten enough, then rise from the Table, and bow submissively to the Company, wash your hands again. Take away the table-cloth, and give thanks to the Lord.

**I** I thank you forsooth. I shall endeavour God willing to observe all that you have bidden me. But in the meantime what further service have you for me to do.

**M** Behold your father is coming, and your cousin David with him: go meet them, put off your hat, and bow your self humbly.

**I** Well mother, I go. You are welcome my father, and your company.

**D** Peter, is that your son?

**P** Yes, it is my son.

**D** It is a godly child.

**God**

**D**aer ghy aen ghebeten heet en lopt niet weder. En leert u vingeren niet, knachte doch gheen brenders. Sint u spyle metten velle ontwee. En halszette dyna mont niet. Waghe u vingeren dikwils. En pruyder u neuzaeten niet. Waghe als niet u niet en waeghe. Gee so veel als ghy begeerte. Als ghy ghenoch ghegheten heet staet dan van de tafel op, en buyghe u onderbanichrek voort' gesellchap. Walche u handen weder. Neeme de tafel laken op ende dancet den Heere.

**I** Ick bedanke u. Met Gods hulpe sal ick trachten al'e gheene ghy m' beholen hibet na te comen. Maer wat heet ghy onderwischen voor voordeelen dienst voor my te doen?

**M** Siet u Vader komt, ende David u neve komt met hem gaet henleden tegen, doet u wonette af, ende buycht eerlyck.

**I** Wel myn moeder, Ick gaet, weest welcom myn Vader, ende u geselschap.

**D** Pieter is dat u sone?

**P** Iae, het is myn soon.

**D** Tip een schoon kint.

**God**

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 21

**G**od make him a good man. I pray God make him alwaies to prosper in virtue. God blesse him.

**P** I thank you Cousin.

**D** Dost he not go to School?

**P** Yes, he learneth to speak French.

**D** Dost he so? It is very wel done. John, can you speak good French?

**I** Not very good cousin; but I learn.

**D** Where go you to School?

**I** In the Lombard street.

**D** Have you gone to School long?

**I** About half a year.

**D** Do you learn to write also?

**I** Yes cousin.

**D** That is well done, learn alwaies well.

**I** Well cousin, if God please.

**M** Cousin, you are welcome.

**D** I thank you Cousin.

**M** Cousin, will you early there? why come you not in? Come warm you, and then wee'll go eat.

**D** Do you think that I am a cold? That were great shame for me.

**Mcou-**  
**G3 M2ve**

**D** Dat is wel ghehaen, leert altoos wel.

**I** Wil neve, hellet Gode.

**M** Neve weest welcom.

**D** Ick danke u nichet.

**M** Neve wildy diec blyben? waerom en kondy niet binnen? Come in weermen dan sullen wy gaen eten.

**D** Weyndy dat ick conde heb? het zaunde my groot schande syn.

## 22. Dialogues in English and Dutch.

M Cousin, how do you?  
D Well, I thank God.  
M Where is my Neece  
(my Cousin) your wife?  
wherefore have you not  
brought my Cousin with  
you?  
D She is sick.  
P Is it true? Is she sick?  
what disease hath she?  
D She hath an Ague.  
M Hath she had it long?  
D About eight days.  
M I knew that not. I will  
go see her to morrow if it  
please God. Francis, bring  
hither a stool for your cou-  
sin. Cousin, come to the  
fire. Francis, go to the door,  
some body knocks. Look  
who is there. It is Roger,  
I know ye y well.  
F Well mother, I go.  
Who is at door there?  
R A friend. Open the  
door.  
F Are you there Roger?  
R Yes, I am here. Is your  
father at home?  
F Yes, and my mother  
too. Come in, I'll tell my  
father that you are come.  
P Francis, make all ready,  
that we may go eat.  
F Father, All is ready.  
You may go eat when you  
please. P Well,

M Hebt hōt ist met u?  
D Wel Gode dankt.  
M Wat is myn nichte?  
waerom hebby myn nichte  
niet mede ghebracht?

D Sy is sleekt.

P Isste wār? Is sy sleekt?  
wat hecke heeftsy?

D Sy heeft de koortse.

M Heeft sy die lange ghe-  
hadt?

D Drentacht daghen.

M Dat en wist ick niet.  
Ick salle moeghe gaen bejor-  
ken soot God belijkt. Fran-  
coys bringhe eenen stoel  
voop u neve. Hewe comit by  
den vieren. Francois gae  
dat vooren, Den knape  
daer, belijkt wie daer te. Hec  
sal Roger syn, dat wete  
ik.

F Wel mededer ick gae,  
wie is daer vooren?

R Hec is een vriendt, doet  
de deur open.

F Zegdy daer Rogert?

R Iac, ick ben hier. Is u  
vader en buys?

F Iac hy, ende myn moe-  
der oock, komt binnennick sal  
myn vader leggen, dat ghe-  
gheskouen zit.

F Francois marcket all  
gherede, om te gaen eeten.

F Vader tis all gherest.  
Ohy mocht gaen eeten alit  
u bilist.

P L.

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 23

P Well, I come present-  
ly. Call the children.

F Wel father. John,  
where are you? you must  
come to Supper (or to din-  
ner). where do you tur-  
ry? what do you there?

I Whi should I do? I  
have businesse here.

F Know you not that we  
are going to supper? Come  
sly the blessing.

I Well, I come.

F John, why come you  
not? must you be called?  
Bring hither chairs.

M Peter, let us sit down.  
it is time.

P Well, I am content.

M David, sit in there.

D I! Be not displeased,  
I will not do that. Let Pe-  
ter sit there, I pray.

M Peter is not wont to  
sit there. He will sit here, it  
is his place. John, give  
thanks.

I No mother, excuse me  
I pray you. It doth not be-  
come me to do that work,  
when my father, and so many  
wife friends are present:  
For I am but a youth, and  
we must give to God the  
best we have, when we serv  
him.

D The C4 D Den

P Wel, ick come ter stondē.  
Korp de kinderen.

F Wel myn vader. Jan  
wate zydy? aby louter ko-  
men eten. Wat blyst dy?  
Wat marcke ghy daer?

I Wat soude ick maken?  
Ick heb hier wat te doen?

F En zweet ghy niet dat  
men gaet eeten? Comt  
seghe de Benedicte.

I Wel, ick kom.

F Jan waerom en komdy  
niet? Doornen u roepen?  
Branghe hicke stoelen.

M Peter laet ons gath  
sitten, het is tye.

P Wel, ick bens te vreden.

M David, sit daer inne.

D I! En biligt u niet,  
dat en sal ick niet doen, latc  
Peter daer sitten, dat bidde  
ick u.

M Peter is niet geluent  
dat te sitten. Hy sal hicke  
sitten, het is syn plaeke. Jan  
seghe de benedicte.

I Neen myn moeder, be-  
houdens u geatje. Dat werke  
te doen en betrouw my niet  
ing hywelken van myn vader  
en so veel wyls vrienden,  
want ick waer een. Jonghen  
ben, en als wy gode dienen,  
moeten wy hem het best  
geven dat wy hebben.

## 24 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

The Lid speaks very  
wilcily. Peter, you are ma-  
ster of the house. I pray de-  
signe a blessing of the Lord.

P Well, let us then do it?

*Prayer before  
meat.*

**L**ord God Almighty, who hast made all things of nothing, and yet preservest them by thy divine power, and hast fed the people of Israel in the wilderness: Be pleased to extend thy blessing over us thy poor servants, and sanctifie to us these thy gifts, which we receive of thy bountiful hand, that wee may use them soberly and holily according to thy good will, and thereby acknowledge that thou art a father, and the fountain of all good to us. Grant also that wee may alwaies, and before all things seek that spiritual bread of thy word, whereby our souls may bee fed unto everlasting life, which thou hast prepared for us through the hly pas- sion

D Den Tongelinck spreeche  
seet wylselyck. Dette ghe  
zyt meester van 't huyz. Ach  
ve eloecke dat ghy den Heit  
om een seghen bidden wile.

P Wil aen, Laet ons dan  
Doein.

## Het ghebedt voor den eten.

**H**EET almachtige Gode,  
ghy die alles uyt niet ghe-  
schapen heet, ende noch dooz  
uw Goddelijke kracht on-  
derhount, end het voock Is-  
rael in de woestyn gelyst; A-  
heft, wild uwen liegen streec,  
ken over ons uw arm di-  
naerts, ende ons heylighen  
dese uwe gauen, die wy van  
uw milde hand ontfangen,  
op dat wyse matelijcke end  
heylichlyck, nae uwen goeden  
wille wtogen ghebruycken,  
ende daer door bekennen dat  
ghy ons een Vader ende  
oorspronck alles goede zyt.  
Geft oock dat wy altyt ende  
voor alle dinghen soeken dat  
ghestelycke broet uw  
woores met welcke onse ziel-  
len gelyyk worden ten eeu-  
wighen leven, 't wch gh-  
ons bereydt hebt dooz't hyc-

11

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 25

tion and blood shedding of  
thy beloved Son our Lord  
Jesus Christ. Amen.

f lig lyden ende bloet vergieten  
uws lievens soons onses  
Heeren Jesu Ch:sl.

I God blesse you my fa-  
ther and mother, and all  
your company.

I Godt seghen ic myn  
Gader myn moeder, ende all  
u geselschap.

*M* Francis, bring us the  
victuals. Bring the sallets,  
and the salted flesh. Fill us  
some drink. Fill for your  
Cousin, and then round about.  
Francis, sit down with us.  
John, go fetch some  
potage for your brother  
and let the other be made  
ready. Run quickly.

M. Francloys, brengt ons  
e' een Wenghe dat salae,  
ende 't gesouten vleesch-  
Schent ons te drucken-  
Schent uwen neve ende  
voote alloume. Francloys lie-  
dy ons. Jan gae potagie  
halen, voer uwen broder ende  
doet d' andet gerget maken.  
Loopt seet.

I Brother, take you  
porridge. Have you too  
much?

I Broeder hondt u potagie-  
Hibbys te veel.

*F* Yes, I have too much.  
*I* Eat it not all : leave  
that which you have to  
much.

F Iae ick, sek hebs te veel.  
I En eetet niet all, laet  
het ghene dat ghy te vele heb-  
ben salt.

P Wherefore eat you  
not your pottage while the  
be hot?

cu p Wellerom eet ghy u  
ey pottagie niet, dewyle dat s  
heer is.

*F* They be yet too ho  
*M* John, bring hith  
some bread. Roger hath no  
bread. Fetch a trencher  
and bring some mustard.

F Sy is noch te heet.  
M Jan, brengt hier brood  
Rogiet en heeft gheen brood

P Give me the beer-pot.  
R Hold there, hold fast.

P Geeft mij den bier po  
B Goudt daer. Goudt he

fast. PL

Let the P.L.A.

**26 Dialogues in English and Dutch.**

P Let go. I hold it well.  
M Peter, drink not after your porrage, for it is now wholesome. Eat first a little before you drink. Peter, cut me some meat, cut me some bread too. Cut Francis some meat, for he hath nothing to eat.

P Must I serve him? Can he not serve himself? Cut for your self, you are big enough. Help your self: for I will not serve you. I serve no body but my self.

M Give him some meat, for he is asthmost: he dareth not eat, that I see well.

P Well, hold there. Bring somewhat else.

I It is not yet ready.  
M Look whether the pies & the tarts be brought. Go fetch the roast-meat, & fill wine here. Fill for your Father. Fill it full. Fill it not so full. See you not what you do? you spill. Roger hath no wine. See you not that?

P Make room there for to set on the platters.

M Now you are all together welcome.

A Here is indeed wherewithall. You have been at too much charge.

M I

P Laet hem gaen. Ik hondt hem wel.

M Pieter, en drincke niet na uwe potage, want het is onghesont: Tee eerst een luttel eer ghe drinke. Pieter snyt my pleesch. Snyt my voock brood. Snyt Francis te eten, want hy heeft niet eetenn.

P Moet tek hem dienen? Kan by hem selven niet dienen? Snyt selve, ghe zet groot ghenotch. Help u selven: want ich en sal u niet dienen. Ick en dien niemand dan my selven.

M Gieke hem. Wat t' eten, want hy schreint hem: hy en deest niet eten dat sie ich wel.

P Macl, houdt daer. Bregt hier wat anders.

I Ten is noch niet gheret. M Welset oft de patersen ende de taerten gebraecht zyn. Gaet hale t' gebraet, ende schenke hier wijn. Schenke voort uwen vader. Schenke al vol. En sit ghy niet toe ghy doet? Ghy stoet. Roger en heeft geenen wijn. Gheide dat niet?

I Brecket daer place om de schotelte te setten.

M Nu zyt t' samen alle welbekom.

A Hier is wel waer inde.

Ghy habt te veel kosten.

dacen.

**Dialogues in English and Dutch. 27**

M I have not truly. I am sorry that there is no more. But you must be content.

A Truly it is well said.

M Peter, carve up the shoulder. Bring hither radishes, carrots, and capers. Give David some of that Hare, and of the Conies. Carve up the partridges: you carve not to us. Be merry I pray you.

R Here is enough to make merry withall.

P John, fill us to drink.

I Here is no more wine.

P Go fetch more. How like you this wine?

D Me thiuk it is good.

P Shal we bid him bring of the same?

D Even as it pleaseth you.

I Where shal I go fetch it?

P Where you fetched this. Or go fetch it on the market at the white flour deduce. Or where you will.

I How much shal I bring?

P Bring two quarts. Or three pints. Go apace, and come again quickly.

I I will run all the way farther.

M Francis,

M Ick en hebbe secker niet. Dat is my leedt datter niet meer en is. Dat ghe moet te viden wesen.

A Tis secker wel gheseyk.

M Pieter ontgaet di schouder. Bringe hie radysen, karotten, ende capers. Diente David van den hale, en van de Conynen Duyngene de patersken. Ghy en dient ons niet. Brecket alle goede cete iek bid u.

A Hier is wel om goede schierece maken.

P Jan schenkt ons te drincken.

I Hier en is ghemet wijn meer.

P Gaet anderen halen. Wie duncke u van delen wijn.

D Wy dunck dat hy goed is.

P Wullen wy vanden selven doen benghen?

D Alsoo't u belieft.

I Macl salcket gaen halen?

P Daer ghy defen ghehaelt hebt, otte haest op de mercte, inde witte selue, otte daer ghe wilt.

I Hoe vele sal ik benghen?

P Wengt twee potcen, ofte drie pinten. Gaet rach, en komt haest weder.

I Ick sal altoos loopen daer.

M Franc,

## 28 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

M Francis, rise you now  
up and serve at the table.  
See if there be any thing  
lacking. Will you yet have  
any more meat? Speak  
boldly.

F No more mother: I  
have eaten enough, God be  
praised.

M Drink now. Is there  
any beer in your pot?

F Yea, mother, there is  
enough in it.

M If there be none in,  
go fetch some.

A Doth not some body  
knock at the door? go look.

F Is there any body?

H Yea, open the door,  
I have been here more than  
half an hour.

F What is your pleasure?  
(what would you have?)

H Good even friend. Is  
your master at home?

F Yes, wherefore? would  
you speak with him?

H Yea, where is he?

F He sits at table. Would  
you have any thing with  
him? I will do your errand,  
who shall I say asketh for  
him?

H I must speak with him-  
self. Tell him that I am his  
uncles servaut. (Or) tell  
him

M Francois, staet mi op,  
en dient ter tafelen. Willet  
oester niet en ghebrek dat.  
dy noch 't eten hebbit; Sig.  
ghet stoutelyck.

F Neen ick moeder. Ja  
hebbe ghenoch ghegheten  
Gode sy gheloof.

M Drincket mi. Isser bicc  
in uwen pot?

F Fact moeder. Daer is  
genoegh in.

M Isser niet mi, gaet haelt  
wat.

A Clooptmen niet een de  
deur? Gaet beliet het.

F Is daer yemande?

H Jact, doet open. Iek  
hebbe hier meer dan een hal  
ure gheweest.

F Wat belieft u?

H Goeden avont hysen.  
Is de meester t' huis?

F Jec hy? waerom? wil  
dy hem spiecken?

H Jec ick, waer is hy?

F Hy sitter ter tafelen. be  
leeft u yet? ick sal de boede  
schap wel doen. wie sal ick  
segghen die na hem vnaeght.

H Iek moet hem selfe spie  
ken. Seghe hem dat ick lys  
doens dienart ben. (Or) legt  
hem

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 29

him that I come from his  
uncle.

F Well, I wil go tell him  
so,arry here a little. Father,  
here is a man would speake  
with you.

P What man is it?

I I know him not. Hee  
saith that he cometh from  
mine uncle.

P Ask him what his plea  
sure is.

I He saith that he must  
speak with you.

P Well let him come in.

F Come in friend.

H Who is there within?  
Are there many folks?

I No, but three or four.

H God blesse all the  
Company.

P Welcome Henry. What  
good news bring you?

H Peter, my master ha h  
sent me hither intreating  
you, that you will please to  
come to dinner to him to  
morrow at noon.

P How doth my uncle?

H He is in health thanks  
be to God.

P And all his haushold?

H They are all very wel.

P I am glad to hear it.  
But you must tell him, that  
I thank him with all mine  
heart,

P Ende al syn huysgeha?

H 'Tis al in goeden doen.

P Dat hoer ick ga niet  
maer ghy sul hem segghen,

dat ick hem bedauke niet

Gedre herten, endz dat my

om.

30 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

heart, and that it is impossible for me to come at noon: for I was four days ago invited forth. If that were not, I would come willingly, but I will come to him tomorrow after noon without fail.

H Well, I will tell him, God give you good night.

P Tarry Henry, Drink before you go.

H I am not a thirst, I thank you.

F Tarry, you must drink.

H I must go.

M Is not John come yet? where tarrieth he so long?

F He comes. (He is coming.)

P John, what is the reason that you tarry so long?

I I could not come sooner Father, There were many folks I have run all the way.

M Well, fill som wine here.

P David, taste it whether it be good.

D That I will. Fill me some therein. The other was better.

R It was not. This is better in my judgment.

M Anna, you are not merry. How comest it that you say nothing?

A What

onmoogelyc is te middag te komen want ic ben over die dighen uyt ghenoot. Twaer dat, ick souder gecre gaen. Hier ick sal moeghe na de maaichal for die tempe faute by hem kommen.

H Wel, ick salter hem seggen. Gode gheve u godden nacht.

P Beyd Hendrick. Dineke eer ghe gact.

H Icken heb ghenen doot, ick bedancke u.

F Beyde. Ghy moet eens dincchen.

H Ick moet gaen.

M Is Jan noch niet gekomen? waer toest h2 langhe?

F Vy kome.

P Jan, hoe koemt het di ghy so langhe toefes?

I Icken en konde niet eer kommen Vader. Daer w2 veel voler. Ick hebbe altoos ghelopen.

M Wel, schenck hier wra-

D David, proeft oft h2 goed is.

D Dat sal ick doen. Schenck my daer linn. Dan anderen was beter.

R Vy en was niet. Deltu is na myn oordel beter.

M Anneken ghe en mi niec brolyck. Hoe komet dat ghy niec er leght?

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 31

A What shold I say? It is better to be silent than to speak badly. I cannot speak English well, therefore I hold my peace.

M What say you? you speak as well as I do, and better too.

A I do not. I would I did it, although it cost me twenty guildens.

M David. You eat not. Cut me of that. That is sodden too much, and this is roasted too little. Is it not?

D I think so too.

A Roger, lend me your knife, I pray you.

R Take it, but give it me again when you have dined.

A If I do not give it you again, lend it me no more.

R No truly.

A It is a good knife, how much did it cost you?

R It cost me three silvers.

A It is good cheap. Let me have it for that price: I will give you your money again.

R I am content.

M Roger, you do eat nothing. M thinks you mince it. Help your self. Are you ashamed?

R Do

A Wat soude ick seggen? Tis beter te swyghen dan quaelyck te spreken. ick en kan niet wel Engelsch spreken, daerom swyghen ick.

M Wat segdy? Ghy spreect so wel als ick doe, end beter oock.

A ick doe niet. Dat soude ick wel wilten: al koest my twintich guildens.

M David, ghy en ect niet. Sante my dace al. Dat is te seer ghesooden, ende die is te luttel ghebraden. iss mer?

D Dat dunckt my oock.

A Roger, leue my it mes, ick bids u.

R Neimel, mire ghebet my wester als ghy ghegheten hebt.

A en geve se 't u niet wi- der, en leuet my niet meer.

R Hendrick lecker.

A 'Tis een goed mes. Hoe veel heeft 't ghekost?

A Het heeft my d2 sil- vers ghekost.

A Het is goedt koop. Laet my voor dien pris hebben: ick sal u gelt wider gheven.

R Ick bens te vreden.

M Roger, ghy en ect niet. Wy dunck dat ghy pront, helpe u selven. Gyt ghy verschamert.

R En

### 32 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

R Do I not eat well? I eat more than any one at the table.

M That do you not.

A You eat nothing yourself.

M I have been eating all this while.

P Let us drink well, if we have not enough to eat.

A What say you? Is not here enough to eat? Here is enough for twenty persons to eat. You have put yourself to too much charge.

P I have not. Now I drink to you. And I beseech you for all the company, and first for you next neighbour. Will you pledge me?

A Yes, with a good will if it please God. Drink now; you have nor drunk all our. I will fill it, you yet once again.

P Wherefore should you do so? Have I not drunk it out? How much lacketh it? I will drink it out. I am there. Now it is out. Plead me now, you seek nothing but to beguile me.

A I shall not be able to drink this out. I have too much.

P What

R En eet niet wel? ik eet meer dan genoegd die tafelenis.

M Ghy doet niet.

A Ghy en eet selven niet.

M Ick heb altoos ghegeten.

P Laet ons wel drincken, ist dat wy qualyk t' etten hebben.

A Wel segdy's is hier niet wel t' etten? hier is voortwintich personen ghengest t' etten. Ghy h'bi al te groote kost gheleden.

P Ick en doe niet. Ma bienghe iker u. Ende icke biddet u voor alle't geselschap ende in den resten door uwenn naecht ghebruec. Suldij my bescheyt doen?

A Ick, met goeder herten indien't Gode beliet. Nu drincke: ghy en hebbe niet nyghdoncken. Ick sal t' u noch eens vol schencken.

P Waerom sondy dat doen? En heb icke niet nyghdoncken? hoe veel schillert? Ick sal 't nyghdrincken. Slet daer het is nu uyt. Doe my beschelt: ghy en soect niet dan my te bedisleghen.

A Dit en sondy: sek niet kunnen nyghdrincken; ick hebbe te veel aen. P Dene

### 33 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

P What should hinder you? I have drunk it out.

A You had not so much as I: your cup was not full.

P But it was.

A It was not.

P It's true, but my cup is greater than yours.

A Well, let us change.

P I am content, give me yours.

A I will not. I will keep mine own, keep that which you have.

P Drink then.

A Well, presently. Look now if it be not clean out.

M Yes, wherefore must you be so much intreated? To whom did you drink? Drink to me once. Are you angry with me?

A Why should I be angry with you?

M Because you do not drink to me.

A I have drunk to you.

M I did not hear it. There is enough of drinking. It were a commendable thing if the Law of Ahasuerus were well observed among Christians in their feastings, where none were compelled to drink more than hee dr.

D heede

P Wel sondy u ghebraken? Ick hebbe wel nyghdoncken.

A Ghy en hadde so vele niet als ick: uwren kroes er was niet vol.

P Wy was immers.

A Wy en was niet.

P 'Tis water,maer mynen kroes is groter dan den uwen.

A Wel late ons mangelen druplen.

P Ick ben te vreden, gheve my den uwen.

A Ick en sal niet, sek houdt my een den mynen bewaert dat ghy hebt.

P Drink dan.

A Wel, tot standt. Sleu nu olen set schoon uyt is.

M Jaec't, waerom laet ghy al so bidden? Wien hebbet 't gebricht? bienghe me tens: Zijor gram op my.

A Waerom sondy ick op u. gefam syn?

M Om dat ghy 't my niet en bienght.

A Ick hebbet u ghebrache.

M Ick hebbet niet ghehoort. 'Tis ghenoch van drincken. Het war een vryswierdigheid indien de wie Abusaret wel ondie de Christenen gehonden werde in thoudent harer gaff-malen, datc niet-iande ghezwongen werde meer te drincken als by bes-

D heede

54 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

desired, or he found good for him. We must eat also, I am very hungry. Cut me a piece of meat there.  
 A Have you no hands?  
 M Yea, but I cannot reach to the dish.  
 P Well, I will serve you, have you enough?  
 M I have nothing yet.  
 P Hold there. Have you enough now?  
 M Look what he giveth me. What is that good for? Keep it you, and eat it yonself. Roger, cut mee some of that shoulder.  
 R Well, hold there.  
 M I thank you.  
 P John bring bread, and wine; fill round about.  
 M Some body knocks at door. Hear you not John?  
 E I go mother. It is Luke, Andrews servant.  
 M What would he have with me?  
 I He bringeth somwhat?  
 M Doth he? bid him come in.  
 I Luke, go in.  
 L God blesse the company.  
 P Luke, are you there?  
 L Yea, Peter.  
 P What news bring you?  
 L None

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 35

L Not much, Peter.  
 P How doth your Master?  
 L Hee is well Peter. Hee wisheth you a good night, hee commands him to you, and hath sent you this, in eating you to accept it lovingly; and that you would not only receive the small gift, but also his good will: for hee sendeth it you as a token of his love, therefore vouchsafe to receive it in good part.  
 P Thank your Master, and tell him, that I will deserve it if God please.  
 L Well Peter.  
 P Fill Luke some drink, and light him forth.  
 L Good even Peter, and your company.  
 P Good even Luke. Have you drunk?  
 L Yes Peter I thank you.  
 M John snuffe the Candle, look if the other bee ready. Take all this away, and bring something else. Bring clean trenchers, and bring us the fruit with the cheese.  
 F 'Tis all here father.  
 P Take

D 2 P 147

L Art wel Pieter.

P Hoe baet u meester?  
 L Hy baet wel Pieter, hy doet u goeden nacht leggen. Wy gebiede hem in u godde gracie, ende leyndt u dit, & bliddende dat ghy't one fan- gen wilt met goeden herten, ende en wile niet alleen de kleyne gifte ontfangen, maar oock synengoden wille: wande hy sendet u l in tecken van liecke, daerom willet in danck onfangen.

P Ghy lust uwen meester bedanken, ende late hem leggen dat telt verdienttal, believet Gode.

L Wel Pieter.

P Schenkt Lucas te drincken endelicht hem uyt.

L Goeden avont Pieter,

P Goeden avont Lucas,

hebt ghy' ghdroncken?

L Tat ik Pieter, ich be- dancke u.

M Jan huyt de kecette. Besser of dander ghreet toe neeme als alte lamen weghe, ende bienghe wat angers. Biengt schoone telloren, ende bienght ons 't knug niet de kete.

F 'Tis hier al vader.

36 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

P Take away the dish.  
 A David drink to mee.  
 D That will I do gladly, I  
 drink to you with all mine  
 hear.  
 R Much good may it do  
 you. I expect it earnestly.  
 I will pledge you.  
 D Roger know you no  
 news.  
 R No truly, I know none  
 but good.  
 D Do not men talk of  
 peace.  
 R I cannot tell what to  
 say of any peace. I believe  
 that peace is yet far to  
 seek.  
 D Have you not heard  
 tell how that the King of  
 France hath lost a battail  
 against the Spaniards.  
 R I have heard such a  
 report indeed, but men  
 speak so falsely, that one  
 cannot tell what to believe.  
 Men speak indeed of  
 great wonders, but God  
 only knows what shall  
 happen.  
 D You say true.  
 R If wee woudt make  
 peace with him, the war  
 should not long continue.  
 D That is true indeed.  
 P John

P Neemt de schotel weg.  
 A David, brenghet my  
 tens.

D Dat sal sck gheerne  
 doen. Ick bringtu mit gec-  
 ter herten.  
 A Wil morret u bekomen,  
 sck wachts gheerne: Ick ga  
 u beschreyt daem.

D Roger, ea weet ghy  
 niet nieuws?

R Heen sck seker sck en  
 weet niet dan goet.

D Spiecke men niet van  
 de vreede?  
 I Icken weet van gheenen  
 vrede te spieken. Ick ghe-  
 loove dat de vred och vrede  
 te soeken is.

D Weet ghy niet hoorien  
 teghyn ho de Comme van  
 Chanckryck den kyde ver-  
 looren heeft teghen de Spa-  
 naerden?

R Dat heb ik horen seg-  
 gen, maer men lecht lea-  
 ve, dat men niet en weet  
 wat men gh-looven sal. Men  
 spiecke van groote wonder-  
 den, maer God weet alleens  
 watter geschieden sal.

D Ghy seght waer.

R Waer 'dat twy peps  
 met hem wilde maacken, sou-  
 den doo, looge niet langhe-  
 dueren.

D Dat is seker waer.

P John

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 37

P John, take all this a-  
 way, and come let us  
 give God thanks for all his  
 benefits.

D Jan, doet dit af wech  
 ende komt lacq ons God  
 danken dooz alle synen  
 welbaden.

TES 184 Thanks after  
 meat.

Danck--seggingha  
 na den eeten.

I Ord God heavenly Father,  
 Father, wee thank thee  
 for all thy benefits  
 which wee continually re-  
 ceive of thy bounteous  
 hand: that it is thy di-  
 vine will to sustain us in  
 this temporall life, and to  
 supply us with all things  
 necessary for us; but espe-  
 cially, that thou hast be-  
 gotten us again to an hope  
 of a better life, which thou  
 hast revealed to us by thy  
 holy Gospel. Wee beseech  
 thee mercifull God and Fa-  
 ther, not to suffer our hearts  
 to be soored in these earthly  
 and fading things, but  
 that we may always look up-  
 wards to heaven, expecting  
 our Saviour Jesus Christ  
 until hee shall appear in  
 the clouds for our redem-  
 pton Amen.

D 3 184 I

Much

38 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

I Much good may it do  
you, my father, my mother,  
and all the company.

P Let us now drink round  
before we rise.

R That is well said, but  
then wee must also give  
thanks the second time.  
Peter how much wine have  
we had? we will pay for the  
wine.

P Indeed you shall not,  
you shall pay nothing, one  
word for all. If I bee able  
to make you eat. I shall al-  
so have wherewithall to  
make you drink.

R What is that to the  
purpose? The wine is now  
dear.

P You hear what I  
say.

D Well, then wee thank  
you Sir. It stands us in hand  
to deserve it.

M It's deserved already.

P I thank you also that  
ye came. Francis bring hi-  
ther a fagot, and make a  
good fire for to warm us.

F The fire is kindled  
sir.

D Wee are not a cold,  
wee will go hence, for it is  
time.

M What hast have you?

A It

I wel moet u gekomen  
myn vader, myn moeder,  
ende alle het geselschap.

P Laet ons nu eens om  
drinken, eer dat wy oplaten.

R Dat is wel gheleydt,  
maer dan moeten my oock de  
tweede reys drinckeghen.  
Beter ho veel wyns hebben  
wy gehad? wy willen de  
wyn becalen.

P Ghy en sult leket vle, ghy  
en sult niet gheven, eens  
voor al. Habick de mache  
gehade u eeten te gheuen,  
ich salse ooc wel hebben ons  
u. l. te drincken te gheuen.

R Wie soude dat syn? de  
wyn is mi dicre.

P Ghy hoorst wat lek n  
segghen.

D Wel dan, wy danken  
u. l. het staet ons te verdien-  
uen.

M 'Tis al verdient.

P Ick dank u oock dat  
ghy gekomen zye. Fran-  
cys brengt eenen mulacter,  
ende maect goed vter, om  
ons te warmen.

F E' vter is ontsleken  
myn vader.

D Wie en hebben geen  
coude, wy willen herten  
gaen, want het is tyt.

M Wat haest heb ghy?

A It

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 39

A It is almost ten a clock.

M 'Tis not yet.

R But it is.

M John fetch the Lan-

horn.

D We will not have the  
lantern. It is clear wea-  
ther, there is no need of it.

H God give you good  
night.

P And you also. I commit  
you to God.

For to ask the way with  
other familiar com-  
munications.

A

G Od save you Master  
Robert.

B Sir, God give you a  
good life.

A Whither ride you so  
softly?

B To Antwerp, to the  
Whitsoun fair.

A And I also: if you  
will wee will go together.

B It pleafeth mee very  
well: but you ride a little  
too fast for mee.

A Let

D 4. A Let

A It

A Het is wel thien ure.

M 'Ten is noch niet.

R 'Tis immers.

M Jan haelt de lantoeing.

D Wil en wullen de lan-

terne niet hebben: het is  
klare wedde, ten is gener-  
noot.

H God ghebe u godden  
nach.

P Ende u oock e ic Gode  
bedile ik u.

Om na den wech te  
vragen, met andere  
genieyne pro-  
poosten.

A

G Od behoede u Meester

Robrecht.

B Dyn heere, Godt

ghebe u een goet leven.

A Wier rydeghy so pi-  
perlyck?

B Na Antwerpen, ten

Sinten markt.

A Ende icc oock: ic bac

ghy wille, wy sulien wel t'sa-  
men gaen.

B Het belieft my seet wel:

maer ghy rydt wat te leet

woest my.

D 4. A Let

A It

= Coll. 70<sup>b</sup>

## 40 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A Let us ride as you please, it is all one to mee, for my horse ambleth very easily.

B And mine doth trot too hard: Now let us ride in Gods name: What folk bee they that do go before us?

A I know them not truly, they bee Merchants: let us put on our horses, for to overtake them, for I am afraid that wee bee out of our way.

B Wee bee nof, bee not afraid.

A Yet it is good to ask it?

B Ask of that shee-shepherd.

A My love, where lyeth the right way from hence to Antwerp?

C Right before you, turning neither on the right nor on the left hand, till you come to an high Elme tree then strike on the left hand about.

A How many miles have wee from hence to the next Town?

C Two miles and a half, and a little more,

A Now let us ride at leisure, for I am out o' doubt:

I see

A Laet ons ryden soōt u belieft, het is my alleens, want my nperdet gaeet wel gemackelyck den tel.

B Ende het myne drafette hardt, Nu laet ons ryden in Godes name: wat lieiden syn dat die dact voor ons gaen?

A Icken kense sekers niet, het syn Kooplieden: laet ons wat aenryden, om hun te achter halen, want ick forgt dat wy uydelen weghe syn.

B Wy en zyn niet, en hebt geen vrees.

A Nocht ansicht goet datment vraghe.

B Traeght dese Schaep-herderinne.

A Dyn liek, waer leyden rechten weg van hijs na Antwerpen?

C Al recht voor u, niet wryckende noch ter rechter, noch ter linker syden, tot dat ghy kint een eenen hooghen oln, dan slact ter slincer handt om.

A Ho veel mylen hebben wy van hiertot een tnaest Dorp?

C Twee mylen ende een half, ende een hulst meer.

A Laet ons nu gemackelyck ryden, want ick bin nyter forghen: Ick

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 41

I see the tree whereof shee hath told us. It is very dusty, the doth put out my eyes.

B Neemt dat tasseraf ons hoo; u aenlyc te doen ende het salu beschermen van het sta, ende van de Sonne.

A Ten is nice van nobde, want de sonne gaet onder: ick hebbe sorgot dat wy by daghe in de stat niet en oulen komen.

B With your leave: but the worst is that this way is dangerous because of thievs: they did rob the other day a rich Merchant, hard by this tree, the which m. keth me afraid to be robbed, unless wee take heed.

A Ich sie den toren van der Town, unless I bee deceiv-ed.

B Truly, it will bee late before wee come there: I doubt that wee shall not get in.

A By your favour, they do not shut the gates before nine of the Clock.

B So much the better, for I would not lie gladly in the Suburbs.

A Nor I neither.

B Let us ask of these folk for the best Inne of this Town.

A Take

Tek sie den boom dat sy ons al ghelyc heeft. 'Tis see totaerlyc het dof maect my blinde.

B Neemt dat tasseraf ons hoo; u aenlyc te doen ende het salu beschermen van het sta, ende van de Sonne.

A Ten is nice van nobde, want de sonne gaet onder: ick hebbe sorgot dat wy by daghe in de stat niet en oulen komen.

B Met oorloge: maar d'argste is dat desenwegen sozghelyck is oon d. straelchen-dees wil: men seete i[n]t een rycken Doopman af nekken desen boom. 't welch my doet vrees hebbien van afgheler te woorden, ist dat wy niet voor ons en fier.

A Ich sie den toren van der Town, unless I bee deceiv-ed.

B Sekers, het sal spade syn eer wy daer komen: ick forgt dat wy niet en sulken in getakin.

A Met oorloge, men sligt de poorten voor tegen uyt niet.

B So veel te beter, want ick en herberge uies gerns in de Clooz stadt.

A Noch ick doch.

B Laet ons deselinden viagen waer de beste herberge van dese Stadte is.

A En

42 Dialogues in English and Dutch:

A Take no care for that,  
I know well the best Inne  
of the Town, is the red Li-  
on, in the Chamber-street.  
Let us make hast I pray you,  
for me thinks they draw up  
the draw-bridge.

B I am so weary, that I  
cannot go any further :  
and moreover, my horse  
halteth, I do think that a  
nail doth prick him, or hee  
is hurt upon the back : and  
then this causey is so hard,  
that it bruiseth mee alto-  
gether.

A Let us ride in then.

*Common talk being  
in the Inne.*

Robert, Simon, the Host  
and others,

A God keep you from mis-  
fortune my Host.

B Yee be welcome Sirs.

A Shall wee well have  
lodging here for this night?

B Yea forsooth Sir: how  
many be you?

A We

A En soegter niet soopsch  
weec wel de bessle herberge  
van de Stadt, het is den roo-  
den Leeu, in de Ruyter-straet.  
Laet ons wat hacken, ick  
bid u, want my dunckel dat  
men de val-brugge op-  
trekt.

B Ick bin so moede, dat  
ick niet soude konnen voor-  
der kommen : ende dat meer  
is myn peerde hinckt, ick  
peynse dat het bernagel is,  
of gueek op den rugget :  
ende dan is dese caffie so  
hardt, dat ic my heel ende af  
brecke.

A Laet ons dan sy hydren.

Ghemeene koutingen  
zynder ter Herberhen.

Robert, Simon, de Weert  
ende andere

A Dat helwaet ic hooch en  
gelick Heer Wiert.

B Zyt welkome myn  
Heeren.

A Sullen wy hier wel her-  
bergen hooch desen nacht ?

B Jaghy trouwens myn  
Heere: hog vels zet ghy ?

A Wij

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 43

A Wee be six of a com-  
pany,

B Wee have lodging e-  
nough for three times as  
many: Light down when  
it pleaseth you.

A Have you a good stable,  
good hay, good oats, and  
good litter, have you good  
wine ?

B The best in the Town,  
and you shall taste of it.

A Have you any thing to  
eat ?

B Yea Sir, right down  
only, for you shall lack  
nothing.

A Use us well, for wee  
bee weary, and half dead  
with hunger and thirst.

B Sir, you shall bee very  
well used, and your horses  
also.

A It is well said, rub  
well my horse, when you  
have taken off his saddle,  
undo his tail, give him good  
litter, take his halter which  
is in the purse of the saddle,  
if hee hath none, buy you  
one, I will give you your  
money again, and you shall  
have some mony to drink.

B Sir, there shall be no  
fault: hath your horse  
drunken?

A No

A Willy syn ons festen te  
hoope.

B Willy hebben logys ghe-  
nocht noot: desemads toe  
vile : Sic alst u belift.

A Debby goed stallinges  
goet hay, goode haber, enne  
goeden leger.

B Debby goedien wyn ?

B Den besten vander-

stadt: ghe suster af poptum

A Debby wat t'eten ?

B Ja sek myn Heeren, Ge-  
sleches af, want ghy en ons  
niet gebreke habben.

A Tracteert ons wel,  
want wy sin moede, ende  
half doot van hunger ende  
dorst.

B Myn Heeren, ghy sulc  
wel gebrachteert waerdende  
u persone oock.

A 'Tis wel geseyt, wylc  
myn peerte te degen, als ghy  
t' ontzadelt hebst, onzicht  
den stert, maect hem god-  
deit leger, neemt synre  
halster die in den val-brug-  
del is: heef toe gheuen, so  
koopter eenen, ick sal ic  
u ghely wider gheuen, ende  
ghy sulc duink ghely hab-  
ben.

C Myn heere, daer en  
sal ghem ghebrekeet am synre  
peerte ghebroneken

A Sems,

Coll 786

#### 44 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A No, but do not water him ye; for hee is yet too hot, you would cause him to take the glauunders, walk him a little, and when hee hath eaten somwhat, you shall lead him to the water. See if the girts be not broken: bring my buder, which on the saddles bow hangeth: draw off my boots, and make them cleane, then, pus my boote-hose within.

C It shall bee done Sir: doth it please you now to come to supper.

A You siste well, thou art a good fellow, now wel, let us go, I am ready.

D I go abroad to supper if any body ask for me, you shall finde mee at the Treasurer's house: or else tell them that straightway after supper I will come again.

A Hearke here: to morrow early before you water my horse, bring him to the Smith, and let him take heed for pricking him.

D Sirs, do not forgot to drink to mee, and I will pledge you all at once.

A Truly you are too blane greatly, to break such good company.

D Dax

#### 45 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

D There is no remedy, I will to morrow all the day, keep you company.

A What talk bee there within?

C They bee guests,

A From whence are they?

C Of this Town, will it please you to eat with them.

A It is all one to us.

B Much good may it do you Sirs.

C I thank you mine Hoste.

B I pray you make good cheer with such as there is, and spare not the Wine, for it is hot. Tapster, draw a half pint of claret Wine, that the may tast of it. My guests, how do you like this Wine? Tasts it not well?

A Ghy seghe wel, ghy zyt een goet geselle: mi wel, lat ons gaen, ik ben al gereed:

D Ick ga nye eeten, dat remondt na my buder;

ghy sulc mi vinden ten huyle vanden Tresorier: ose

sege hem, dat ick ter stont na

den avontuiale weder komen sal.

A Hoort hier: morgen

waegh eer ghy myn paerd

te drincken leyder, so leyder

tot den hock-smit, ende dat h

t niet vernagtele.

D Den heeren, en ver-

ghet my niet te blenghen,

ende ick sal u alle gelyc

beschert doen.

A Sekers ghy hebt groot

ouglyck, so goedek getel-

schap te beschryf.

D Dax

D Daer en is gheenre raede toe, ick sal u moeghsch schellichschap houden.

A Wat volck is daer binnen.

C 'T syn gassen.

A Om wiec synse?

C Van dijser stadt  
blieken mit hun eeten?

A Dat is ons alleens.

B Grot fijnen u myn  
dierten.

C Ick bedank u myn  
wiet.

B Ick bidde u smaecke  
teere van t ghene drieke  
ende au sprake den wyn niet,  
want het is heete. Welde-  
moester, tapc een updrinc  
vanden wyn, om hyn te latc  
proeven. C 'T syn gassen, was  
Drieket u van dielen wyn?  
en smaecke hy niet wel? en  
hast hy niet een schoon ca-  
leur? is hy niet wel waers  
datmen hem drincke?

A Wc is schoon en goede  
wierc is de Wierdiam?

B She will come anon, in  
the mean time make good  
cheer with such as ye have:  
ye shall be better entertain-  
ed another time.

A We be very well mine  
Hoste, we thank you.

B Sir, I drink to you.

A I look

A Ick

## 46 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A I look for it from your hand mine Hoste, I pledge you with all my heart.

B Sir, will it please you to give me leave to drink to you?

A I thank you an hundred thousand times.

B Me thinks that I have seen you sometime, but I do not remember well where: mee thinketh that it is at Brussel.

A Yea truly, I am of Brussel.

B It will not displease you if I ask your name: how are you called?

A I am called Samson.

B Of what kinred are you?

A Of the lineage of the Sholers.

B You say true, now begin I to know you. How do you?

A As your friend, ready to do you friendship.

B I thank you for your good will: from whence come you now, from beyond the sea?

A No, I come from France, from England, and from high Dutchland.

B What news in France?

A Truly nothing good. B How

A Ick wachtes van u Heere tweete, ick sal u beicheye doen niet goeden hetten.

B Van Heere, beliebet u my oorlof te geven dat ick 't u bringhe?

A Ick bedanck u hondert duysent-mael.

B Ghe duncet dat ick u eteydes gesien hebbe, maer my en staet niet wel vooren wie: my duncet dattet te Brussel is.

A Taet seker, sek hen van Brussel.

B Sy en sult u niet belgen dat ick uwen name vryger hoe heet ghy?

A Ick heet Sampson.

B Van wat geslachte sy ghy.

A Van den geslachte des Scholters.

B Ghy segt waer, mi wordt sekken benaende. Hoe vaerdg al.

A Als uwen vrient, ge-

reet ons u vrienteschap te daen.

B Ic bedanck u van uwen godden wille: Van wies koundz nu, dan over ze?

A Neen, ick komt uit Tanchryck, ure Engelsche Lande ende Duytslande.

B Wat seydt men nien in Tanchryck?

A Sakers niet goete.

B Ghe

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 47

B How so?

A They are so chafed, the one against the other, that I am even afraid to speak thereof.

B God preserve us from inlandish war, for it is an evill plague, but wee must have patience, wee shall have peace when it shall please God.

What news do men report in this Town? what good do men say?

B It is all good, I know no news.

A Sirs, by your leave: I feel my self sickish.

B Sir, if you be ill at ease, go and take your rest, your Chamber is ready: Joane, make a good fire in his Chamber, and let him lack nothing.

A My freind, is my bed made: is it good.

I Yea Sir, it is a good feather-bed, and the sheets be very clear.

A Pull off my hose, and warm my bed, for I am very ill at ease: I shake as a leaf upon the tree. Warm my herchief, and bind my head well. Soft, you bind it too hard, bring my pillow, and cover

over

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B Doe dat?

A Sy syn seo verhit de ten op de ander, dat ick eersta groovel heb daer af te spreken.

B Godt beschermme ons vande inlandischen krieg, want hec is een plaze: maec we moeten verduldigh syn, we fallen den weg hebbens alst Godt behelven sal.

A Wat seydt men nien in dese stadt? Wat rydt mens geers?

B 'Tis al goed, sek wert niet nien.

A Wyn Heeren, en belijfde u niet: ick gevool my wiss schachteigh.

B Wyn Heere, ist dat ghy a schachteigh voelt, so gatz u rusten, u kamer is bereyts Janneken, maect goed bierc in syn kamer ende dat gheen dinch gebreke en hebbe.

A Wyn liek, is my bedde gemaeckt? ist godt?

I Taet Wyn Heere, het is ten godt pluynt hen, ende de haepplaketen syn leerschoon.

A Trede myn kussenhey, ende byert myn bedde, wane ick ben sien qualick te passen ick hebbe geluck het loof op den boom. Wanneer myn haepdoek ende hinde my myn hoofd wel. Dola, ghy bindt se my, bringt myn oekussen, ende dekkac

over

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48 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

cover mee well, draw the curtains, and pin them with a pin: where is the Chamber-pot? where is the privie?

F Follow me, and I will shew you the way: go up straight out, you shall finde them at the right hand, if you see them not, you shall smell them well enough Sir, doth it please you to have no other thing, are you well?

A Yea my love, put out the candle and come nearer to me.

F I will put it out, when I am out of the Chamber: what is your pleasure, are you not well yet?

My head lyeth too low, lift up a little the bolster, I cannot lye so low. My love kiss mee once, and I shall sleep the better.

F Sleep, sleep, you are not sick, seeing that you speak of kissing: I had rather die, then to kis a man in his bed, or elsewhere. Take your rest in Gods name, God give you good night, and good rest.

A I thank you fair maidens.

Com-

my wel, schuyfde goddynen, ende spicte met een spille: waer is den plos-pot? wat is de hymelkloegte?

F Volght my, ende ick sal u den wegh wylen ghe daer boven al recht wyt, ghy sulste vinden een de recht hant, ist dat ghyse met en sic, ghy sulst wel riecken, Wyn Heere, en belijft u niet anders, zgt ghy wel?

A Ja ick myn lief, doot de keessle wyt, ende komme wat by my.

F Ick salse wyt doen, als ick ryter kameren ben wat belijft u zyc gy noch niet wel?

A Wyn hoofde leye te lege hefe een luccel den hoofd-penlinck op, ick en soude soor ligge niet kunnen liggen, Wyn lief, kust my eens, en ick sal des te beter slapen.

F Slape, slaept, ghy en syeniet sick, my ghy sprecket van kussen: liever te sterben dan eenen man in syn bedde te kussen, ofte elders. Rik in Goats name, Godt gheve u goede nacht, ende goede ruste.

A Dankt heft schone dochter.

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 49

Communication at the uprising.

Simon, Robert, Arthur.

A

H O, shall wee rise? is it not time to rise?

B What is it a Clock?

A It is two of the Clock, Boy, bring some lights, and make some fire, that wee may rise.

B Cry louder, he hear-  
e h younot.

C Here I am Sir, what is you pleasure? it is not day yet, you may well sleep two good hours before it be day.

A Go, go, kind'e the fire: thou wilt make us as flag-  
gish, and as good husbands as thou art. Dry my shirt, that I may rise.

B Let him tarry in bed this litleh, as for me, I have too much busynesse.

A Where is the horse-keeper? go tell him that he lead my horse to the water: when he hath well rubbed, and curried him, combed his mane, sadled, and trus-  
fed

Koutinge in het opstaen.

Simon, Robrechte, Artus.

A

H Da, sulsen wy opstaen? tu ist niet tyd op te staen?

B Wat ure ist?

A Dat is twee ure: Tonghen, bringe hier licht, ende maecte licht, dat we magen opstaen.

B Roepet luyder, hy en hoort u nice.

C Hier ben ick myn Heere, wat belijft u? het is noch ghem dagh, gh' mechtig noch welchwe goodt ure staepen eer dat het dagh is.

A Gaet, gaet, ontscherke wy: ghy wilt ons oock leu-  
ly maken, ende soo gude huys-luyde als ghy. Doodghe myn hende, op dat ick mach opstaen.

B Slyce in t Berde die wile, aengrand: van oxy iels hebde te veel te doen.

A Waer is den stal-knecht? gaet hem leggh'n dat myn peerd te water leyde: als hy t wel gewezen ende gerol-kante heeft, de mane geknit geslapt, ende den

Coll 92<sup>b</sup>

50 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A sed up his tail, that he will  
let him drink well, and then  
let him give him a peck and  
a half of oats.

B Go buy me a dozen of  
points, the eyelet holes of  
my stockens are broken.  
Lend me your bodkin.

C Are you up Sir?

A Yea, is it not time?

C It is not late, the Mer-  
chants have not yet opened  
their shoppes, neither their  
ware set forth, make your  
self ready at ease.

A We go to the Church,  
make ready in the mean  
while the breakfast.

C What shall I make ready  
for you, it is to day fith-  
day.

A How?

C It is Saint Bartholo-  
mew's even, it is fasting day.

A I did not think on it  
truly, I knew not that it  
was fasting day. Prepare us  
a dozen of new laid eggs  
roasted in the embers, hot  
cakes, and sweet butter :  
let us go Sirs, are yee ready?

B Truly, here is a fai-  
and a rich town. Behold  
what fair streets, and fair  
houses.

A There

A Dat

B Gaet koopt my een do-  
zen nesteler, de nestel-gaten  
van myn kousken syn gebio-  
ken Lend me uwren priem.

C Hdy over eynde myn  
Heert?

A Ja ick, en iss niet tyde.

C Teg is niet spic, de  
Rooplyden en hebben noch  
hare winckels niet geopen  
noch hun goet voort gedaen  
klaedt u met gemachte.

A Wil ghen der kercken,  
maecte daerntussen den  
onebye reide.

C Wat sal sek u rede ma-  
ken ? Het is heden viss-dagh.

A Hor.

C Tis S. Bartolomeus  
avont, hecis vaste-dagh.

A Ick en dachter voo-  
wage niet op, ick en wile  
niet dat vaste-dagh was.  
Beryc ons van een doen  
der che eyren in d' asschen  
gebadoen, wermie korch n,  
ende verschte bier : laet ons  
gahn myn Heerten sydze st-  
reef ?

B Seker, dit is een schoone  
ende eycke Stad. Siec die  
schoone straten, ende al-  
schoone hyselen.

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 51

A There is a fair Temple,  
a fair Church.

B That is a fair maiden,  
a fair woman, a brave man.

A What Gentleman is  
that?

B It is the noblest  
the hardiest

C The most honest  
the wisest

The richest

The most humble

The most coviteous

The most liberal.

A What man is that?

B He is the spic-  
fullest

The most covetous

The most jealous

The greatest coward

The most fearfull

The poorest

The greatest

Babler.

A What woman is that?

B It is the fairest

The most honest

The most chaste

The best

The happiest

The unhappiest

A What maiden is that?

B It is not a maiden, she  
is married.

A She

C

A So

of the country of the town

of all the town

of the parish

of the town

of the parish

of the town

A Dat is eenen schoonck

tempel, een kraeyc kercke.

B Dat is een schoone

dochter, een schoon vrouwe,

een kraey man.

A Wat Edelman is dat?

B Tis den

alder-edelsten

den alder-stoutsten

den alder-erbaertste

den alder-wyfsten

den alder-rycksten

Den alder-

oetmoedigsten

den alder-huischsten

den alder-wilisten

den alder-liberal.

A Wat man is dat?

B Tis den

spytigheten

den giergheten

den jalourien

den bloosten

den verbaertsten

den armsten

den groosten

monc-spelder.

A Wat vrouwe is dat?

B Tis de schoonste

de eerlyckste

de kugschiste

de balle

de gelucksghete

de ramslighe

de vreue machen.

A Wat dochter is dat?

B Ten is gheen dochter,

sy is gehort.

A She

C

A So

## 52 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

A Shee is not married.

B She is betrothed. She is a widdow, she is a good house-wife, she hath a good dowrie, she hath made a good marriage.

A What hath she for her marriage?

B Shee hath virtue and honesty, is not that enough?

A Yes.

B Who is here buried?

A It is an Abbot of N.

B That is a fair grave, a fair and rich Sepulcher, let us read the epitaph.

A Now let us return to our lodging, to break our fast, and then we will buy such things as we lack.

### Discourses of merchandise.

A Sirs, what do you please to buy. See if I have any thing which serveth your turn. I will sell you as good cheap, as any man in the town: come in.

B Have you any karsies of Flanders dye?

A Yea Sir, I have very fair

### Proposten van koopmanschap.

A Mijn Heeren, wat behoeft u te koopen? Welke of welk yet hebbe dan dient. Ick sal u soe goeden koop geven, als yemande die in Stadt is: komt binnen.

B Debby Karleyen van Alamscher verwen?

A Taick myn Heere, ik hebber niet

schoone

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 53

A Syen is niet gehout, B Sy is oudertrout, sy is weduwe, het is een goed huys-wif, sy heeft een goede blyuydt-gave, sy heeft goede houweliick gedachten.

A Wat heeft sy om houwen?

B Sy heeft deught ende eerbaerheit, en ist niet ge-noegh?

A Jaec.

B Wie leyde hier in di' aerde gesleken ende begraven?

A Tis den Abe van N.

B Dat is een schoon gracie,

een schoone ende rycke

begravinghe, laet ons die doort-schijfle lisen.

A Laet ons nu weder

er huys gaen, oint onthycen,

en dan fullen wy koopen's

genc dat ons geweeket.

Schoone ende goede, de heile van der stadt, ja die in Engelandt zyn. Van wat ver-wien begertelyc? Bruyne, grauwe, gout-ghiele, tanquy, roet, ghel, violet of blau. Ick hebber van alle ver-wien ende van allen prijs.

B Wat loofdy delle baiz die swere? Ick bid u, en over lofing niet.

A En begheert mynen woort? Het sal u kosten een kroon delle.

B It is too much, I will give you four shillings.

A It is truly too little. I should lose by it, it cost me more: Take the whole piece for six pounds four shillings and six pence; it is but four shillings six pence the ell.

B It is too dear, how many ells be theré?

A You shall see it measured, there be twenty seven and a half, and a half quarter.

B I wil give at one word six pounds. I have forsaken as good as this, better cheap by a groat in an ell.

A You ought to take it. But I promise you that unlesse you were my customer

mer

gh2

C 3

loo b

## 54 Dialogues in English and Dutch

**A** mer you should not have it  
under six pounds fifteen shillings great. But seeing that  
it is you, I do hate you more  
then nine shillings on the  
piece. I think that you de-  
sire not my losse, and truly  
if you refuse it, no man in  
the world shall have it for  
that price; yea if it were my  
brother.

**B** Now well, you shall  
bate me that ten pence, for  
to make even reckoning.

**A** I will not stick at ten  
pence.

**B** I will pay you with  
good gold, and weighty;

**A** It is all one to me,  
white mony is as good unto  
me as gold: but truly you  
are too hard, nevertheless I  
had rather lose, then to send  
ye awry: I hope that an-  
other time I shall have of  
your mony sooner then a-  
nother.

**B** Yea indeed: I will  
not leave you for another.  
I would I had a labourer or  
a pick bearer, for I must  
buy many other things; and  
my Inn is far off.

**A** What lack you more?

**B** A piece or two of vel-  
vet.

**A** I have

## Dialogues in English and Dutch, 55

**A** I have none truly, but  
go to the next shop at the  
other side of the street, the  
man will let you have it bet-  
ter cheap for my sake.

**C** Sir, what lack you?  
Do yo seek good velvet, fuc-  
tin, damask, fustian wosted,  
buck'um, taffety, or any sort  
of silk cloth? what will you  
have? you shall have good  
cheap.

**B** That prentice can talk  
well: he is diligent for his  
masters profit, shew me a  
piece of black velvet.

**C** Well, I will. Behold,  
is it not good, did you ever  
see the like?

**B** Have you no better?

**C** Yes forsooth, but it is  
of a greater price,

**B** I care not whatsoever  
it costeth, if it be good.

**C** Here is of the best vel-  
vet which you ever did han-  
dle.

**B** Is ghy voorwaer sek en  
sal u niet laten om een ander.  
Ick wende dat ick eenen  
arbeider hadde, of eenen  
diagher, want ick moet vele  
andere dingen kopen ende  
yn hertenbergh is verre van  
hier.

**C** Wat belijst u meer?  
**B** Een stuck of twie flan-  
kels.

**A** Ick

**B** What

**C** 4

**B** 20s

**A**

**B**

**C**

**D**

**E**

**F**

**G**

**H**

**I**

**J**

**K**

**L**

**M**

**N**

**O**

**P**

**Q**

**R**

**S**

**T**

**U**

**V**

**W**

**X**

**Y**

**Z**

## 56 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

B What shall I pay for  
an ell thereof.  
C Twenty shillings great.  
B You hold it too high.  
C No truly, for it is not  
possible to find better, nei-  
ther of a finer colour.  
B You may say what you  
will, but I will not give so  
much.  
C What will you give  
for it : that I may sell, and  
may have your handseil. I  
hope that you will bring  
me good luck.  
B I will give for it seven-  
teen shillings, at one word;  
shall I have it?  
C No truly, I cannot sell it  
at that price : you know  
it well, one need not to tel  
it unto you. It costeth me  
more then you do offer me:  
I should lose too much.  
B How sell you the two  
peeces together ? and let us  
make but one word.  
C Will you but one word?  
you shall pay two and thir-  
ty pounds : as much with  
one word as with an hun-  
dred, you shall not abate  
one mire.  
B No, no, you ate too  
dear : tell me the last word,  
and do not tarry so long.  
C Sir,

C By

*[A small sketch of a person's head and shoulders.]*

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 57

C I have told it you: I  
am a man of one word : I  
cannot give it for less, ex-  
cept I would lose by it.  
B Seeing that you are a  
man of one word, we must  
go elsewhere, for you prize  
your ware out of reason.  
C Go whither it pleaseth  
you, in Gods name seek for  
your better : I have rather  
that another do get in it,  
then that I should lose. But  
I can assure you of one  
thing, that if you go to all  
the shops of Antwerp, you  
shall not get such a proffit  
as I offer unto you: not-  
withstanding if you find no  
better, then come again: you  
know my price.  
B Your price is not for  
us.  
C Well, at your service;  
you know what you have  
to do.  
B Well, seeing that wee  
cannot agree of the p ice :  
God be with you, farewell.  
C At your good pleasure,  
if I could let it go at a leissr  
price, you should have it  
as soon as any man in the  
world, also for his sake  
which hath sent you to  
me.

D They

C Myn Heere, sek heb ik  
geseyt: ik ben een man van  
eenen woerde : ik sondet  
niet min kunnen geben, ten  
ware dat icket een verliest  
woude.

B Om dat ghy een man  
van eenen woerde zyt, seo  
moeten wy elders gaen, want  
g'loof ic ware burgen de  
tedene.

C Gaet daet't u belijft,  
in Gods name, soekke u be-  
ter : ik hebbt liever dat een  
ander daer een winne, dan  
of icket een verloste. ick  
kan u een dinct verse-  
keren, dat al ware't ghy  
gaengt in alle de windkelen  
van Antwerpen, seo en ins-  
dy ducken menboden niet  
vinden als ick u dio : noch-  
tans ist dat ghy niet better en  
slecht, seo haent weder, ghy  
weet mynen prys.

B Uwen prys en is niet  
voor ons.

C Da: i aen, suiken bessen,  
ghy weet wat ghy te doen  
hebt.

B Nu wel, mits dat wy  
niet eens en kunnen wolden:  
Adieu, vare w:L

C C'laer goeder helles-  
ten, ware't dat ick t'mechte  
doen inind'ren prys latens,  
gy souder seo haest habben  
als ymaende werrel, oock  
ter liefden des ghelen, die ic  
tot me gesente h'ast.

D Sy

## 58 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

D They go away, they  
be gone.

C Let them go, let them  
run : when they have run  
themselves weary about the  
fire, they will be glad to  
come again.

E Sir, it seemeth unto me  
that the velvet is very good,  
if wee do refuse it, we shall  
not find easitly such for that  
Price : let us ask him, if he  
will bate the forty shill-  
lings.

B Shall we take it.

C Yea, if you do believe  
me, and you will not repent  
of it.

D My Master, they come  
again.

C They shall be wel  
come, if he bring mony.

B I pay you do not  
cause us to walk any longer:  
will you take thirty pounds  
for both the pieces, with  
out any words more, and  
wee will tell you mony.

C Truly you are vexa-  
tious, you care not whether  
I lose or winn, it is all one  
unto you : now well, well,  
let us measure it.

B No, no, I take it as if it  
were measured, I trust you  
wel : hold there is your  
mony.

C This

D Sy gaen weghe, sy zyn  
weghe ghegaen.

C Laetse gaen, laetse loo-  
pen : als sy moede gelopen  
sullen hebben langs de  
markt, so sullen sy wel  
vlyde zyn weder te keeren.

E Dyn Heere, my dunckt  
dat dat duotel seer goede  
is, als dat wy't laten gaen,  
wy en sullen niet lichelyk  
sulcks vinden voor dien pijs  
laet ons hem vragen, of hy  
wel af-slaen de vertrigh  
schillingen.

B Sullen wy't nemmen.  
C Ja wv, is dat ghy my  
relooft, ende ten sal u niet  
berouwen.

D Dyn Meester, sy ko-  
men wederom.

C Sy sullen wellekom  
zyn, ik dat sy ghelyk  
gen.

B Ick bidde u, en doct  
ons niet langer wandelen:  
wiltu nemen dertigh pondt  
voor de twee stucken, sonder  
meer te dingen, ende wy  
sullen u ghelyk tellen.

C Saker ghy zyt quel-  
lyck, ghy en gerfier niet  
omme of ick verliest of  
winne, het is u alleinst my  
wel, wel, laet ons nieten.

B Neen, neen, ick houdt  
voor geneten, ick betrouw  
my wel op u houdt daer is y  
ghelyk.

C Dese

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 59

E This old Angel is too  
little : this French-crown  
is too light : these pieces of  
ten shillings bee clipped :  
this Ducare is not weight :  
this Flemish crown is not  
currant : this Ryall is of  
base gold : this dollar is no  
good silver : these Spanish  
Rylls are not of good bul-  
lions.

B You are very difficult  
in receiving of mony, if I  
had known that, though  
you had told me your mer-  
chandise for twenty pounds  
verily I would not have de-  
fired it.

C Sir, it is at your choice  
to take it or leave it : I do  
not get so much in it that  
I should take any light mony,  
or which is not currant.

B Truly I have neither  
coyned nor clipped it.

C I believe it well, but  
I cannot help it.

B Hold there is my purse,  
pay your self to your con-  
tent.

C That is a counterfeit  
shilling.

B Nail him to this thresh-  
old.

C It shall be done, bring  
me an hammer and a nail.

I would

ICK

C Dese ouden angelot  
is te kleyne : Dese Sonne-  
kroone is te licht : Dese  
stukken van thien schillen-  
gen zyn gelijcijc : Dese  
Ducat en is niet gewicht-  
tig : Dese Vlaemische  
kroone en is niet ganghaer :  
Dese Real is van lecht  
goud : Dese Daelder en  
is gheen goet silver : Dese  
Spanische Realen en zyn  
niet goet van alloye.

B Ghy zye wel quellyck  
om ghelyk 'onfangen, had  
ick dat geweten, al had ghy  
my u koopmanschap verkocht  
voor twintigh ponden, doez-  
waer ick en sondes niet  
begheert hebben.

C Dyn Peere, ghy hebte  
kene, dat te nemmen of te  
laten, ick en winnen so veel  
niet een, dat ick behoeve  
licht ghelyk te nemmen, of dat  
onganghaer sy.

B Ick en hebbs seker niet  
ghemunt noch gelijcijc.

C Ick gelooft wel, maar  
ick en kans niet gebeteren.

B Houdt, daer is myn  
borse betaelt u na u genoe-  
gen.

C Dat is een schellingh  
die valsche is.

B Maghelt hem an dien  
spel.

C Het sal gischien, brengt  
my een hamer, enda eenen  
naghel.

ICK

## 60 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

I would that the ears of him which hath coyned it, were as well nayled as he is.

B It would be no hurt at all. Now, are you contented?

C Yea Sir, I thank you, spare nothing that I have, as well without mony as with mony.

B I thank you Sir. Labourer, take this upon your back, and carrie it to my lodging.

F I know not where you do lodge Sir.

B At the golden Lion, in the Chamber-street, and bid them that they prepare dinner, for we shall be there presently.

C Shall wee buy a baby or two for our children?

E Buy some for us both.

B Well, Hostesse shall wee dine:

G Wash when it pleaseh you, and go sir.

B Caufe our horses to be saddled and bridled, wee ought to have been two mile hence.

C Go too let us dine standing. Let us go.

E Let us have a reckoning mine Hoff, what do we owe?

H You

H Ghy

## Dialogues in English and Dutch. 61

H You owe four shillings, six-pence man and horse.

B Hold there, are you contented:

H Yes Sirs.

B Where is the maiden: ick bedanke u, en spaert geen duug dat ick hebbe, so wel sonder ghelyc als met ghelyc.

B Danck heft Heere. Achzaer, nechte dat op uwem rugghe, ende drager in myn herberge.

F Ick en weet nice waer gy ter herbergen zyt, myn Heere.

B In den gulden Leeu, in de Ramestrate, ende leghc

dairmen t'eten gerechte make,

want w2 sullen daer terstant syn.

C Sullen wy een Doppeken of twee koopen voor onse kinderen.

E Kooper voort ons beyden.

B Wel, Weterdome sul-

len wy gaen eten.

G Edelacht u, also u belieft, ende gat Acten.

B Daet onse peerden za-

delen ende toomen, wy be-

hoolden alzede over twee

mylen van hier te zyn.

C Toort laet ons al staende een. Laet ons gaen.

E Laet ons rekenen Heer

dighe,

H Ghy

H Ghy zyt schuldigh vser schellingen, les penninghen man ende peerd.

B Houdt dier, zlyg te vroeden.

H Ja ick myn Heeren.

B Ware is de maget: headt myn list, dat s voor u spel ghelyc. Knechte bringt hier myn peerde, hebbyt wel bestelt.

I Ja ick myn Heere, het en haft niet meer allein ge-veeck gehad.

B Neeme da s u dijnck-geleyf, sook u b loest ebdt, op dat ghy my dor op een ander tyt gedachdyg zyt.

J Ick danken myn Heere, ghy sulle my altyt breyde vinder, om u dienst te doen: spaect de Verberghue niet als ghy hier doo: komt, want ghy sulter so wel getroke ende ghedreven worden, als in enige herberge die in Antwerp.

B Ick heb so gebonden, ick en salse om een ander niet veranderen.

### The Numbers.

One,two,three,four,five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen,fifteen, six-teen, se-venteen,eighteen,nineteen, Twentie,

Twenty,

Twintigh

### Het Ghetal.

Gen, twee, drie, vier, vyf, seis, seven, acht, neghen thien, elve, twaelf, derdien, veertien, vyfien, sekhsien, sevenhien, achtyien, neghentien,

Ghentien,

Twintigh

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Twenty, one and twenty, Twintigh, een-en-twintigh  
two and twenty, three and twintig, een-en-twintig  
twenty, Thirti, Twintig, Dertig, Aertig,  
Fifty, Sixty, Seventy, Eighty, Vyftig, Sesftig, Tachtig,  
Ninety, an Hundred, a Ghentig, Honderd, Duycent  
Thousand, Ten thousand, Ghentig, Honderd, Duycent  
an Hundred thousand, a duylent Ghentig.  
Million.

*The days of the Week.*

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Sondag, Maendag,  
Wednesday, Thursday, Dydagh, Woondagh,  
Friday, Saturday, Donderdagh, Grijndagh,

A week, a day, eight  
days, si een days, a month,  
a year, a halfe year, a term.

For to learn to make  
Letters, &c.

*A Letter to write to  
any Friend.*

**The superscription.**  
*This Letter be given to my  
beloved Father, Peter of  
Barlaimont, dwelling  
at Antwerp in the  
Highstreet, next  
to the golden  
Shield.*

R ight honourable wor-  
thy, and beloved Fa-  
ther,

Dialogues in English and Dutch. 63

ther, I recommend me right  
humbly to your good grace,  
and also in like manner to  
my dearly beloved Mother:  
understand that I am in  
good prosperity, God be  
praised: but know also lo-  
ving Father that I have  
great desire to know how  
it is with you, for I have  
written you two or three  
letters, but I have not yet  
received an answer, where-  
of I greatly marvail, not  
knowing how that may  
come. Therefore have I  
great care for you, greatly  
fearing that some mis-  
fortune is behappened to  
you.

I pray you then my loving  
Father, that you will not  
leave me any longer in this  
care: but I pray you, of all  
the love that you have to-  
wards me: that it please you to  
write unto me of your estate  
by the bringer of these, or  
by the first that you shal find.

Also, understand loving  
Father, that I have great  
need of three or four gilders  
for to help me in my need:  
I pray you that you wil send  
me hem by the bringer  
of these: and do not think  
that

der, ick ghebid my seer voo-  
moedelyk in a godly grace,  
ende ick oock deseluec toe  
mene seeer bominde Vader:  
Wier dat ick bin in ghehoede  
voorspoede, Godde ly ghehoede  
maet we noch liebe. Dat ick  
dat ick grote begerte heb  
te weten hoe dat ure is  
is, want ick heb een ges-  
chreven werck van dien dat u  
maet ick er hebbt noch gien  
antwoort ontlangen, want  
af ick seer verwonder bin,  
niet wetende hoe dat het ka-  
men mach.  
Daerom hebbt ick grote  
soorghe voor u, grootlyks  
wielende dat enigen tegen-  
sport u aengehouen sy.

Ik bidde u dan myn lieve  
Vader, dat ghy my niet en  
wile langher laten in dese  
loeghe: maar ick bide u,  
op alle de liefs die ghy  
tot my h bi, dat u beleve  
my te schryven van uten  
staet, by den bieuyer van  
Delen, of by den eersten die  
gy vindt sal.

Item, weet lieve Vader,  
dat ick hebbt groteleyke  
van diene drie of vier gul-  
ders, om my te helpen in  
meynen noot: ick bidde u  
dat ghy my senden wille  
by den bringer van dezen e-  
nde en wili niet eneyuen  
dat

64 Dialogues in English and Dutch.

that I spend my mony unprofitably, for I will make you account of all the money that you have sent me.

May it please you also of your good grace, to recommend me to all our friends. Nothing else at this time, but that God vouchsafe through his mercy to give you always his favourable grace.

By me John of Barlaumont, your humble son, dwelling at Bridges, upon the market at the Crown.

The first day of May, in the year of our Lord, a thousand five hundred seventy and five.

Always ready to your service.

Answer.

My beloved Son, I have received the tenth day of May your letter, written the first of the aforesaid: by the which I understand, that you be in health, the which pleasest me well, and that you have great desire to know how it is with us.

Also that you sent me two or three letters: but know

Antwoorde.

Mijn beminde Sone, ik hebbe ontfangen den thinden dach May uwten brief, gedrieben den eersten vander voorsydte: by den welcken ick hebbe verstaen, dat gy gefont zyt, het welske my behaerlyck is, ende dat ghy hebbe groote begheerte te weten hoe t' met ons is.

Dock dat ghy my gheonden hebt & ote of diec lieven: ma x weet

Letters.

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I know for certain that I have received none other but this last. I would have written oftener unto you, but I could meet with no messengers, by whom I might send safely and conveniently to you: neither had I indeed any needful matter to write unto you of. As touching our estate it is no worse then formerly, we are in good health blessed be God: your mother indeed hath been sick two or three daies of late, but is through the mercy of God now well recovered again. I send you now by this messenger and friend four gold guldens, according to your desire, but take heed that you spend them not vainly: for it would be ill done of you to cast that lightly away, which I your poor Father have earned with the sweat of my brows. Follow your business well, be diligent in your studies, seek to give content to them that have the over-sight over you, and the over-sight over you, and

above



boden

## Letters.

above all things labour to please God Almighty, which you shall the better do, if you avoid evil company. You have begun reasonably well, but that profiteth not if you do not persevere. To which end I pray God bless you. All your friends wish to remember their loves to you. So I rest,

Your loving Father,  
B. B.

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met a Coll.

From one friend to another, in way of advice about sale and return of goods.

**L**oving friend Mr. P. af- ter salutations &c. I give you to know that I have sent you by J. N. master of the Elisabeth of London, who is now bound for Holland, and to set sail within two daies if God permit, the several goods mentioned in the bill or lading here inclosed, which I pray you receive for my use, & let this be your sufficient

**W**erdende vriendt M. P. na groetenisse &c. Ik laat u. i. weten dat per J. N. schipper van den Elisabeth van Londen, die tegenwoordich nae Holland moet te seggen, en so het oortoelact, binnen twa of drie daagen moent te vertrekken. Ik staen u. i. de beschryden goederen in dese ingeslotene cognos-

boden alle dingen, arbeyt den almächtigen Gode te behagen, het welcke ghy te beter sal kunnen doen so ghe quaet geselschap schuwt. Ghy hebt redelijks welb gonen, maar dat sel u niet toebedelyck syn, inden ghy niet en volhert. Tot wischen eynde ict Gode bidden saldat hy u wil segnen. Alle uw tydenden entrent ons grooten u. Hier mede blijvende U. Bevinde Wader.  
B. B.

**W**erdende vriendt M. P. na groetenisse &c. Ik laat u. i. weten dat per J. N. schipper van den Elisabeth van Londen, die tegenwoordich nae Holland moet te seggen, en so het oortoelact, binnen twa of drie daagen moent te vertrekken. Ik staen u. i. de beschryden goederen in dese ingeslotene cognos-

## Letters.

sient order and advice to sell and dispose of them for me with all fidelity. And make returns to me in Sugars or Indicoes, or tobacco, or French wines, or beverhars and books, as you can best be able to accommodate your self for mine advan age, paying your self all charges and factorage concerning them. I have also charged you with a bill of exchange, to pay to Mr. N. at double usance three hundred pounds ster- ling. If you please to accept it and pay him, you shall do me a favour, and if the former goods sent you be not yet sold, or amount not to so much, I shal shake it good to you when and howsoever you please to charge me with it or any part that you come short. For news we have none at present. Farewel.

Your loving friend,  
I. K.

An F2 Een

ment terhaelt, ghesonden hebbe, o. i. versorckende die mynenthalden tewillen ontfangen, en last desen eens geneechsame ordie ende taadt syn om die voort myn te vercoopen en in als le getrouwicheydt te besetzen. En doet myn wederberinghe in suyckeren, of Indigo, of Taback, of France-wijnen, of bevergoeden, en beeken, soo als ghy best tot menen dooszel te rechte salt kunnen komen, u sels betaide voort alle de onkosten en factorys die aengaende geschaen. Ich hebde u. oock belast met een mill. bysel van dry hondert goeden Garlines te betalen een M. D. op dubbelusance. So het u. i. belichtaen te noemen geschier my vrient schry, en indien de goedzen van voort desen ghesonden nocht ontvrachtyen, of so heel nter en bidraghen, sal ick u. i. wederom goed doen wanter en op wat welse u. i. my daer mede geliefte te belassen, of soot wi als n lte holt salt kunnen. Niews hebben wy tegenzwoerdich geen. Gaet wel.

## Letters.

## An Obligation for Debt.

I C. R. of Amsterdam Inn-keeper, acknowledge and confess by these presents to be indebted to the worshipful L. H. of the same city merchant, or the bearer hereof, the summe of five hundred guldens at 20 stuyvers a piece, and that for a parcel of Bordeaux wines bought of him, and received to my content: promising to pay the said summe at May next coming. And for the same I binde my person and goods present and to come. Renouncing all helps and benefits of law any wise contrary hereunto, and particularly telling the law, that general renuntiation is of no value, except that the specificall go before. In witness of the truth, I have subscribed this in Amsterdam this fifteenth of September, 1645.

By me C. R.

In witness whereof I have signed my name. An  
Amsterdam 15 Sept. 1645.

By my C. R.  
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## The Vocabulary.

## An Acquittance for Debt.

I A. B. dwelling at Briddges, acknowledge and confess by these presents to have receyved of I. G. dwelling at Antwerp, the summe of ten guldens of twenty stuyvers a piece, which I lent him (or which he was indebted to me) whereof I have lost the obligation, which was dated the tenth day of April, in the year 1644. Of which summe, and of all other debts which which he hath owed me to this day, I hold my self well satisfied, and acquit him of all. In witness whereof I have here unto set my sign manual in Bridges, the fift of September, 1645.

A. B.

## An Affigation.

Mr. G. L. be pleased to pay to Mr. H. G. or to the bearer hereof four hundred and fifty guldens, and it will be as satisfactory as paid to my self. In Amsterdam, 11 Septemb. 1645.

FINIS.

## Quijtscheldinghe voor een schuld.

I Ch. V. B. woonende te Brugge bekenne ende belijde mits telien van J. G. woonende tot Antwerpen onfangen te hebben de somme van thien guldens hen twintich stuyvers i' stuk die ick hem geleent hadde (oft die hy my schuldich is ghevoest) waer van ick de obligatie terlozen hebbe dat op den tienden dae d' Aprilis in 't jaer 1645, gedateert was. Voor welcke somme ende vooz alle andere die hy my tot nu toe schuldich is gewaakte my voldac'honde, ende hem van alles quijtschelde. Ja kenisse der waerheydt heb ick mijn handt-tecken hier onder geschildt binnen Brugge den viijden Septemb' 1656.

J. G.

## Een ghelyc bewijs.

Sr. C. L. n. L. gelieve aen Sr. H. G. of een thoonter deles te betalen vierhondert vijftig guldens en het sal u l. tegheng my voer goede betalinghe verstreken. In Amster-dam den 11 Sept 1645.

F 3

TES 224

# THE VOCABULARY.

*A little Vocabulary of  
divers familiar things,  
very necessary to bee  
known.*

## Of the Body.

**A** Body, het lichaem.  
the life, het leven.  
a soul, de ziele.  
the blood, het bloet.  
a head, het hoofd.  
a face, het Aengezicht.  
the brain, de eissen.  
the hair, het haire.  
the hair of the chin, het haire  
vande kinne  
a forehead, het voor-hoofd.  
the ears, de ooren.  
the cheeks, de kaecken.  
the eiss, de Oogen.  
the eye-brows, de wenbrau-  
wen.  
the eye-lids, de Ooghe schee-  
len.  
a nose, de neuse.  
a mouth, den mond.  
a tongue, de tonge.

the teeth, de tanden.  
the throat, de keele.  
the neck, den halse.  
the back, de rughe.  
the shoulders, de schouders.  
the arms, de armen.  
the elbow, de ellebooge.  
the right arme, de rechter  
arm.  
the hand, de handt.  
the right hand, de rechter-  
handt.  
the left hand, de flincker-  
handt.  
the fist, de vuyste.  
the heart, het herte.  
the stomach, de maghe.  
the breast, de borste.  
the skin, het vel.  
the belly, den buyck.  
the guts, de dermen.  
the reins, de nieren.  
the thighs, de diegen.  
the buttocks, de billen.

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the

## The Vocabulary.

the breech, den zers.  
the knees, de knien.  
the legs, de beenen.  
the bones, de beenderen.  
the flesh, het vleysch.  
the feet, de voeten.  
the toes of my feet, de teenen  
van myn voeten.  
the fingers of my hands, de  
vingeren van myn handen.  
the heels, de hiele.  
the thumb, den duym.  
the great toe, de grootteen.  
the nails, de nagelen.  
the palme of the hand, het  
flach vande handt.  
the bottom of the foot, het  
onderste vande voet.  
the shins, de schene.  
a vein, een ader.  
the joints of the fingers, de  
ledekins vande vingeren.  
the navel, den navel.  
the gum, het rant-vleisch.  
the palate of the mouth, den  
vehemel vande mondt.  
the bladder, de blaese.  
afart, een scheet.  
afizzle, een veeste.

## Of Cloathing.

**M**y shirt, mijn hembr.  
my waist-coat, mijne

hembt-rock.  
my half-suit, mijn half-  
hen ba.  
my doublet, mijn wambais.  
the sleeves, de mouwen.  
my breeches, mijn broeck.  
my drawers, mijn under-  
broeck.  
my stockings, mijn kouffen.  
my socks, mijn secken.  
your linnen-sacks, u linwate-  
sicken.  
your wollen-sacks, u wolles-  
sicken.  
my woest stockins, mynsay-  
ette couissen.  
my spanish-leather shoo's,  
mijn spaens-leer schoe-  
nen  
my neat-leather shoo's, myn  
droogh-leer schoenen.  
my spanish-leather slippers,  
mijn spaens-leer muylen  
my scuu-brings, myn schoe-  
linten.  
my hat, myn hoer.  
my haband, myn hoet-  
bandt  
my night-cap, mijn nacht-  
mutse.  
my linnen-cap, mijn linwate  
mutze.  
your bead brush, u hof-  
borstel.  
my hair-comb, mijn horen  
cam.

## The Vocabulary.

my box-comb, myn palm-houte cam.  
my Ivory-comb, myn Ivore cam.  
my comb-case, mijn cam-calle.  
my scissars, myn schartje.  
your bedkin, u priem.  
my shooing horn, myn aen-trecker.  
your pen-knife, u pen-mes.  
my ink-horn, myn int-koker.  
Ink, Int.  
writing-paper, schryf-papier  
spanis-wax, spaens lack.  
a needle, thred, and thimble,  
een naelde, gaern, en vinger-hoet.  
my clozck, myn manel.  
your sword, u swert.  
my boots, myn leirzen.  
my spurs, myn sporen.  
my linnen, myn linwaet.  
your bands, u omme flagen.  
my cuffs, myn pinjetten.  
your handkerchiefs, u neus-doeck.  
my gloves, myn handschoenen.  
black silk stockings, swarte zide couffen.  
white, red, green, yellow, blaw, fles-colour; wit, roodt, groen, gheel, blaw vleijsch-colour.  
lemon colour, lemoen couleur.

## Things

## The Vocabulary.

## Things belonging to the Chamber.

A feather-bed, een pluym-bed.  
the belster and cushions, de bulster en cuffens.  
the sheets, de lakens.  
the coverlets, het deksel-k.  
the cu tins, de gordinen  
the chamber-pot, de water-pot.  
a candlestick, een kandeluer.  
a candle, een keeße.  
the snuffers, de snuyter.  
the warming-pan, de vier-panne.  
a seat, een setel.  
a stool, een stoel.  
a table, een tafel.  
the carpet, de raffter-cleet  
the looking-glass, de spiegel.  
autumne, het na-jaer.  
winter, winter.  
Christmas, Chersmis.  
Easter, Paeschchen.  
Pentecost, Pinxter.  
S. Joha Baptijst, S. Jan Bap.  
Michaelmas, S. Machiel.  
S. Andrew, S. Andre.  
Lent, Vasten.

## Things belonging to the Table.

Where is the table cloath?  
lay the cloath; Waer is de Amlaken? deckt de tafel.  
Where are the napkins, waer zijnde levetten  
bring plates, brengt talioren  
give hither knives, gheest hier meslen.  
where be the forks, waer zijn de vorken  
bring spoons, brengt lepels.  
where is the salt, waer is het sout.  
bring salt, brengt sout.  
bring water, brengt water  
let us wash the hands, laet ons de handen wassen.  
where are the glasses, waer zyn de glaten.  
bring new bread, brengt new gebakken broot  
also fresh butter, also versche boter.  
old cheese, oude kaes.  
give me white wine, gheest my wit wijn.  
I will have claret, Ick will roode wijn hebben.  
Spanish wine, Spaens wyn.  
Muscadine, Muscadelle-wyn.

## Sorts

## Sorts of Men.

- A**n old man, Een ou man.  
**a** strong man, een sterck man.  
**a** stout man, een klock man.  
**a** valiant man, een couragi-  
ous man.  
**a** brave man, een treffelick man.  
**a** civil man, een modeft  
man.  
**a** honest man, een eerlick man.  
**a** little old man, een ou  
manneken.  
**a** gent young man, een edel  
jonck man.  
**a** fair young man, een schoon  
jonck man.  
**a** lover, een minnaes.  
**a** very young woman, een  
zeer jonge vrouw.  
**a** fair woman, een schoone  
vrouw.  
**a** widow, een weduwe.  
**a** batchelor, een jongh-man  
**a** young daughter, een jonge  
doghter.  
**a** young wench, een jonge-  
meijken.  
**a** very civil maid, een zeer  
modest maght.

## Things of the Garden.

- C**olly-flowers, Blom-kolen  
cabbadge, kolen  
spinage, spinage.  
spagrass, elperges.  
Artichokes, Hertichoken.  
lettice, late u.  
white succory, witte succory  
muskmillions, milioenen.  
pumpkins, pompoenen.  
cucumbers, kumkumbers.  
green peafe, groene erwiten  
beans, boonen.  
raddish, radizen.

## Sorts of Fiesh:

- B**oild beef, gezoden of-  
se vleesch.  
roasted veal, gebraden kalfs-  
vleisch.  
boild mutton, gekockt  
schape-vleisch  
boild

- b**oild pork, gekockt speck  
the flesh of a stag bak't in  
an oven, herte vleisch  
gehacken in een oven.  
the flesh of a Doe in a pasty,  
het vleisch van een herten  
in een pastey.  
a rosted Lam', een gebra-  
den Lam.  
the flesh of a Kid, het vleisch  
van een geytje.  
Goat-flesh, het vleisch van  
een Beek.  
the flesh of a Cow, Koeye  
vleisch.  
the flesh of a Steer, Rundt  
vleisch.  
the flesh of a sheep, schape  
vleisch.  
a Turkey-cock, een calcoen-  
sen haen.  
a capon, een capoen.  
a hen, een hinne.  
a goose, een gans.  
a duck, een endt.  
a pheasant, een phesant.  
a partridge, een partrize.  
a turkey-hen, een calcoense  
hinne.  
a pigeon, een duylve.  
a chicken, een kiecken.
- R**ogue, Schelm.  
traitor, traidor.
- I**njurious Names.
- a**thief, een dief.  
a robber upon the high-way,  
een streek rover.  
a robber, a rover.  
a cut-purse, een borse snij-  
der.  
a treacherous man, een ver-  
rabelick man.  
an unfortunate man, een un-  
geluckigh man.  
a bold fellow, een stout  
kerl.  
a buggerer, een buyer.  
a pander, or ruffian, een fielt.  
a cuckold, een horen beest.  
a vagabond, een deugniet.  
a wbooremaster, een hoereet-  
der.  
an ass, een esel.  
a liar, een leugenzer.  
a rash man, een overhaastigh-  
man.  
a lazy person, een leuy  
mensch.  
a drunkard, een dronkaert.  
an atheist, een atheist.  
a cunning man, een slim man.  
an envious man, een wreck  
gierigh-man.  
a covetous man, een gierigh  
man.  
a miserable man, een elen-  
dighman.  
a glutton, een gu'zigart.  
a flanderer, een scheider.  
an unbeliever, een ungelo-  
vige.

## The Vocabulary.

*an unthankful, een undankbaer.*

## The names of the Months.

*January, January.*

*February, February.*

*March, Maart.*

*April, April.*

*May, Mey.*

*June, Junij.*

*July, Julij.*

*August, Augustij.*

*September, September.*

*October, October.*

*November, November.*

*December, December.*

## GOD, GOD T.

*the heaven, den hemel*

*the sea, de zee.*

*the sun, de zonne.*

*the moon, de maene.*

*the stars, de starren.*

## The four Elements and other words.

*the ayr, de lucht*

*the earth, de aerde*

*the water, het water.*

*the fire, het vier.*

*the thunder, het donder.*

*it thunders, het dondert.*

## The Vocabulary. 77

*an apple-tree, een appelboom.*

*a pear-tree, een peer-boom*

*a cherry-tree, een ceerseboom.*

*a park, een perck*

*grafs, gras*

*hay, hoy*

*straw, stroy.*

*oats, haver*

*grain, graen*

*wheat, terwe*

*rie, rogge.*

## Of the four principal winds.

*it lightens, het weerlicht*

*a flash of fire, een vlammeviers.*

*hail, hagel.*

*it hails, het hagelt.*

*it rains, het regent*

*bath rained, heeft geregent.*

*it is cloudy, het is wolkachtig.*

*it is clear weather, het is*

*claeer weder.*

*dry, droogh,*

*moist, vochtigh.*

*wet, nat,*

*a mist, een miste*

*dew, daw*

*fair weather, schoon weder*

*bad weather, quaet weder*

*cold, kout*

*hot, heet*

*slippery, gladt.*

*Ice, Yce.*

*frozen, gevrozen*

*thaw'd, doy*

*dury, vuyl*

*the morning, den morgen*

*the evening, den avont*

*the night, den nacht*

*break of day, dage-raede*

*it snoweth, het snewt*

*snow, snew*

*bath snowed, heeft ge-*

*sneut.*

## Of

## The five Sences.

*the sight, het gezicht.*

*taste, de smaek.*

*hearing, het gehoor*

*smelling, de rencke.*

*feeling, ende het ghe-*

*voel.*

## Of the Country.

*A meadow, een weyde.*

*fair meadows, een schoone*

*weyde.*

*a field, een veldt.*

*the fields, de velden.*

*a tree, een boom*

*a chestnut tree, een cofta-*

*nien boom.*

*a fig-tree, een vijge-boom.*

## Of Cities.

*A City een stadt.*

*suburbs, buyten stadt*

*the walls, de muren*

*the trench, de gracht*

*a draw-bridge, een up-ha-*

*lende-brugge*

*a town, een dorpe*

*a little town, een dorpk*

*a calle, een castle*

*a village, een vleck*

*a valley, een valley.*

## Of Handicrafts men.

*A brick-layer, een metzelar*

*a Joiner, een schijn-werker*

*a smith, een smit.*

*a goldsmith, een gout-smit.*

*a gun*

## The Vocabulary.

a gun-smith, een bus-maker  
a sword-maker, een swer-  
vager.  
a shoo-maker, een schoe-  
maker.  
a tailor, een kleer-maker.  
a baker, een backer.  
a brewer, een brauyer.  
a butcher, een vleisch-hou-  
wer.

## Of Metals.

**G**old, goudt.  
silver, silver.  
tin, bleck.  
iron, yfer.  
lead, loot.  
bras, gheel-koper.  
needle, een naelde.  
pin, een spelle.

## Of Wood.

**A**beam, een balck.  
a board, een berdt.  
a staff, een staf.  
a pike, een pycke.  
a table, een taffel.  
a bed-stead, een koetsa.  
a form, een bancke.  
a stool, een stoel.

Of winged Fowl.

**A**n Eagle, een arent  
a Falcon, een valck  
a crow, een kraeye  
a cuckow, een koeckoeck  
a crane, een crane  
a partridge, een partrize

aphet.

## The Vocabulary.

a pheasant, een Feysant  
a peacock, een paw  
a swan, een swane  
a goose, een ganse  
a duck, een endt  
a henne, een hinne  
a cock, een haen.

## Of Beasts.

**A**n Ox, een offe.  
a cow, een koe.  
a calf, een calfe.  
a sheep, een scaep.  
a goat, een boek.  
a kid, een boxken.  
a lamb, een lam.  
a hog, een vercken.  
a hart, een hert.  
an ape, een ape.  
a horse, een paert.  
a colt, een cachel.  
a mare, een merry.  
an ass, een czel.  
a wolf, een wolf.  
a dog, een hont.  
an elephaut, een olifant.  
a camel, een kemel.  
a lion, een leew.  
a fox, een vos.  
a tiger, een tijger.  
a cat, een catte.

Of small living creatures.

**A**louse, een luyss.  
a flea, een vloy.  
wall-lice, weegh-luyßen.  
a fly, een vlyge.  
a bee, een bee.  
a wasp, een wespe.  
a frog, een vorsch.  
a toad, een padde.  
a rat, een ratte.  
a mouse, een myus.  
a mole, een molle.  
a pismire, een mier.  
wormes, wormen.  
a spider, een spinne.  
a grass-hopper, een sprinck-  
haen.  
a serpent, een serpent.

## The Vocabulary.

an Eel, een palinck  
a lobster, een kreest  
a crabbe, een crabbe  
an adder, een adder.

## Needful Instruments.

**A**Hammer, een hamer.  
a pair of pincers, een nip-  
tange.  
a saw, een sage.  
nails, nagelen.  
a bodkin, een priem.  
a hatchet, een cap mes.  
a musket, een musket.  
a sword, een sweet.  
an axle, een elsen.  
a pack-needle, een pack na-  
elde.  
a spade, een spaey.  
a pike, een piecke.  
a halbert, een halbert.  
a pair of shears, een schaer.  
a razor, een scheermes.  
a pistol, een pistol.  
a head-piece, een storm-  
hoed.

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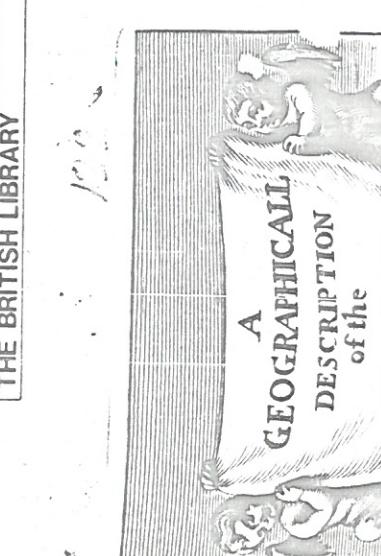
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All the Day long  
Shewing how to Walk

By T. G. Minister of the

- 1 Sam. 12. 23, 24. *I will teach you the right way; only fear the Lord, and all your heart, considering how great done for you.*
- 2 Pet. 1. 12. *I will not be negligent to remember of these things, though and be established in the present truth.*  
Luk. 17. 10. *When ye shall have done which are commanded you, say, We servants, we have done that which was*